BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY WHEELER & LYNDE. WEDNESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 7, 1866. VOLUME XXXII----NUMBER 187.

THE BANGOR

Daily Whig & Courier,

PUBLISHED MORNINGS,

At Bowman's Block, East End Kenduskeag Bridge, on the Lower Floor.

TERMS—$6.00 per Year.
4.00 for Six Months.
2.00 for Three Months.
IN VARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

The Bangor Weekly Courier

IS PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY.

At the Office of the Daily Whig and Courier, at Two Dollars per year, *invariably in advance.*

WHEELER & LYNDE, PROPRIETORS.

WM. WHEELER. JOHN S. LYNDE.

AGENCIES.

S. M. PETTENGILL & Co., 10 State Street, Boston, and 37 Park Row, New York, are authorized Agents to receive Advertisements and Subscriptions for this paper.

C. R. NILES, Agent, Scollay's Building, Court street, Boston.

Subscriptions must in all cases be paid in advance.

☞ Subscribers finding this notice marked, will understand that the time for which they paid has nearly expired.

Your Subscription expires

BUSINESS CARDS.

J. B. FOSTER,

Commission Merchant,

AUCTIONEER,

And Commercial Broker,

Office---At the Merchants Mutual Marine Insurance Company's Office,

Will attend to the Sale of all descriptions of Merchandize and Real Estate by private or public sale.

Ballister & Batcheider,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

Boots, Shoes, and Rubbers.

NO. 27½ PEARL STREET,

Jos. F. Ballister, M. Treat Batcheider. BOSTON.

nov7

H. L. MITCHELL,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW

NO. 5 WEST MARKET SQUARE,

aug1 BANGOR, MAINE.

ROBERT TREAT & CO

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

CORN & FLOUR,

W. I. GOODS, GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, SHIP CHANDLERY &C.

No. 20 Exchange St., Opposite Pen. Exchange

ROBERT TREAT, JOHN STRANGE.

nov7 dt

HORATIO PITCHER,

COMMISSION and FORWARDING MERCHANT,

DEALER IN

SHIP STORES and CHANDLERY,

Harris's Wharf, - - Savannah, Ga.

aug14

Pitcher, Fuller & Co.,

Commission Merchants and Receivers of Flour and Produce,

And Dealers in Ship Stores and Chandlery,

No. 100 Commercial Street.

C. W. PITCHER, C. H. FULLER, C. E. PITCHER. jan16 '64 BOSTON.

Bradbury & Sweat,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,

PORTLAND, MAINE.

BION BRADBURY. L. D. M. SWEAT.

Office, - - 117 Middle Street.

nov 21—3m

J. W. SYKES,

PURCHASER FOR EASTERN ACCOUNT

—OF—

FLOUR, GRAIN, SEEDS, PROVISIONS, LARD BUTTER, and WESTERN PRODUCE generally.

Particular attention given to shipping by quickest and cheapest routes. *No. 152 South Water street,*

Chicago, Illinois.

P. O. Box 171.

REFERENCES—Messrs. S. G. Bowdlear & Co., Maygard & Sons, H. & W. Chickering, C. H. Cummings & Co, Charles H. Stone, Hallett, Davis & Co., Boston; J. N. Bacon, Esq., President Newton National Bank, Newton, Mass., C. B. Coffin, Esq., New York City. may22'65 dly

A. L. CHICK,

Watchmaker,

—AT—

Charles Sweet's,

Corner of Hammond and Franklin Sts.

☞ All kinds of Nice Watch Repairing done to order, and warranted. Work for the trade at a discount. nov18 3m

WOODMAN, TRUE & CO.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in

DRY GOODS & WOOLENS,

MANUFACTURERS AND

JOBBERS OF CLOTHING,

Nos. 54 and 56 Middle St.,

PORTLAND.

Geo. W. Woodman, Seth L. Hersey, Charles Bailey, } Wm. H. Morse, Geo. P. Gross.

dec 11—3m

CROCKERY,

China and Glass Ware.

We are now opening NEW IMPORTATIONS of

CROCKERY WARE,

In Every Variety, including New Patterns DINNER, TEA and TOILET WARE.

Also, a large assortment of

FANCY WARE,

PLAIN, ROUGHED, & ENAMELLED VASES, FOR PAINTING, AND SELLING LOW AT

NO. 1 MAIN STREET.

dec 13 RICKER & IRELAND.

PENSIONS,

Bounties, & Arrears of Pay,

—PROCURED BY—

JAMES S. WILEY,

DULY AUTHORIZED CLAIM AGENT

DOVER, MAINE.

☞ Office over Sawyer's Store may5 d&wtf

Norton & Doble

HAVE PURCHASED THE STAND OF CHAS. NOYES, Oldtown, and will carry on

CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING

In all its branches at lowest rates. Also Blacksmithing and the manufacture of Edge Tools.—Painting of all kinds done to order. nov17 tf.

Dye Woods.

A HEAVY STOCK of DYE WOODS & STUFFS just received and for sale by

ELWELL & BOWEN,

dec 2 In Exchange St.

BUSINESS CARDS.

NICKERSON & PAINE,

Attorneys & Counsellors at Law,

OFFICE, - - No. 10 Wheelwright & Clark's Block

(Up two flights of Stairs.)

Bangor, Aug. 2, 1865. daw

CHAS. HAMLIN,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

—OFFICE—

NO. 9 WHEELWRIGHT & CLARK'S BLOCK

Bangor, Oct. 26. 3mdaw

New Grocery Store!

Molesworth & Pattee,

No. 23 BROAD STREET

and No. 19 Hickering Square.

Will keep constantly on hand, for sale,

Flour, Meal, Pork, Lard, Teas,

COFFEES, SUGARS, MOLASSES,

and a variety of articles usually found in a Grocery Store, which they will sell CHEAP for CASH.

☞ Call and see.

W. S. PATTEE. J. G. MOLESWORTH.

oct12

E. T. Wasgatt, Dentist,

OFFICE, 24 Kenduskeag Bridge Up the same flight of stairs as Sawyer's Photograph Rooms.

Bounty and Pensions.

I AM prepared to obtain BOUNTIES due to the friends of deceased soldiers and PENSIONS for those disabled in the service.

Charges moderate and attention prompt.

☞ Office on Hammond Street, opposite City Hall.

WM. C. CROSBY, Attorney.

Bangor, July 20, 1864

United States Claim Agency

PERKINS & STEVENS,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

AND

ARMY & NAVY CLAIM AGENTS,

(Authorized by U. S. Government)

No. 1 MAIN ST., BANGOR.

PENSIONS, BOUNTIES, ARREARS OF PAY, and PRIZE MONEY, and all claims against the Government, obtained for

Officers, Soldiers, Seamen,

AND THEIR HEIRS.

Claimants can apply by Letter or in person. Information free of charge.

☞ Special attention given to suspended or rejected claims.

Perkins & Stevens,

GOVERNMENT AGENCY,

NO. 1 MAIN STREET, BANGOR, MAINE.

REFERENCES:

Hon. H. HAMLIN, Vice President U. S.
Hon. JOHN H. RICE, M. C.
Hon. JOHN APPLETON, Chief Justice, S. J. C.
Hon. JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge Prob.
December 10

War Claims, Pensions,

Arrears of Pay, $100 Bounty, and all Claims for Military Service in the present War, secured by

DANIEL SANBORN,

Office, Corner of Franklin and Hammond Streets over C. Sweet's Store.

PENSIONS for Soldiers wounded, injured, or for disease contracted in the present war.

HALF PAY, Pensions for the Widows or Minor Children of those killed, or who have died in the service.

$100 BOUNTY for the Widows, Minor Children or Heirs of Deceased Soldiers.

Information by mail or otherwise, given gratuitously.

☞ Fees for service moderate, and suited to the times.

DANIEL SANBORN, Pension Agent.

Pension Office corner Hammond and Franklin Sts

jan18 d&wtf

REMOVAL.

J. H. Clergue, Hair Manufacturer,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY NOTIFY HIS friends and the public that he has removed his Barber Shop to

No. 115, Over Blood & Rowe's, Apothecaries,

And in connection with it has fitted a room especially for ladies, (entrance 115 Exchange street,) where he keeps a large assortment of False Hair, Wire, Half Wigs, Bands, Curls, Waterfalls, Rolls, Hats, Toposs, Natural Scalps; Hair matched of all colors; Hair Cut, Dyed and Shampooed. dec22

FURS!

FURS!! FURS!!!

The Largest Stock,

AND LOWEST PRICES,

At HERSEY'S,

No. 20 Main Street.

OATS---OATS!

FOR SALE BY

Car Loads,

of less quantities, by

J. C. TOWLE & CO.,

No. 2 BROAD STREET.

CLOAKS,

—AT—

COST AND LESS!

—AT—

Thompson & Hichborn's.

jan 1

BUTTER!

CHOICE

FAMILY BUTTER,

JUST RECEIVED.

J. C. Towle & Co,

jan 2 NO. 2 BROAD STREET.

To Whom it May Concern.

THIS MAY CERTIFY that we have been using the past season, Tracy's Patent IMPROVED GAUGES, for hanging gang-saws, and do not hesitate to say that the time saved in changing gauges during one season, will doubly compensate for the expense. The gauges are so arranged in sections that they may be changed to any desirable thickness in a very few minutes, and, with perfect correctness. They are very durable, not likely to get out of order, and hold the saws much firmer than the old kind of ranges. We recommend them to owners of gang mills as being a time and money-saving invention. PALMER & JOHNSON.

Bangor, Dec. 23, 1865. 6w

LARD, PORK,

AND

MOLASSES!

10 BBLS. LEAF LARD.
25 " CLEAR PORK.
30 HHDS. NUNCIUS MOLASSES.

For sale low by GEO. W. LADD & CO.,

jan 9 Broad Street.

BANGOR HOUSE;

Main Street, Bangor, Maine,

O. M. SHAW, - - - - - - Proprietor.

☞ The above House is one of the largest and best arranged Hotels in the State. Its location is unsurpassed, being in a central position, easy of access, and nearest to the Steamboats and Railroad Stations. Stages leave the above House, daily, for all parts of the Country. Oct. 13.

MERCANTILE BANK.

BANGOR, JAN'Y 22d, 1866.

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THIS BANK ARE notified to meet at said Bank, on WEDNESDAY, February 7th, at 3 o'clock, P. M., to see if they will vote to Convert said Bank into the National System of Banking, and to transact any other business that may properly come before the meeting. Per order.

JOHN S. RICKER, Cashier.

jan23

Penobscot Log Driving Company.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the PENOBSCOT LOG DRIVING COMPANY for the choice of officers and transaction of business, will be holden at the Penobscot Exchange, in Bangor, on MONDAY, the twelfth day of February next, at two o'clock in the afternoon. By order of the Directors.

ALBERT PAINE, Clerk.

Bangor, Jan. 8, 1866.—dtm

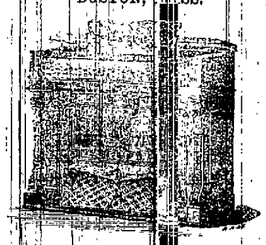
S. D. & H. W. SMITH'S

AMERICAN ORGANS

MANUFACTORY,

Tremont, opposite Waltham St.,

BOSTON, MASS.



The most perfect and beautiful Musical Instrument in the world for the American Home Circle.

THE AMERICAN ORGAN makes Home Attractive, and refines and elevates the minds of all. Beautiful in its appearance, and effects.

Seventeen---17---First Premiums were awarded to the American Organs IN THE MONTH OF OCTOBER, 1865, over all Competitors, at different State and County Fairs.

First Premium awarded to the American Organs at the Great New York State Agricultural Fair at Rochester, September 1865, over the Whole catalogue exhibited by the most Celebrated Makers.

THE AMERICAN ORGANS are the ONLY REAL REED ORGANS manufactured before the public.—The only Organ having the REVERBERATING SOUND BOX or WIND CHEST—which has the same important part to perform, as the Sounding Board has in a Piano Forte (to give body and resonance of tone) and without which the Organ becomes merely a Melodeon, and not an Organ case. The American Organs not only have the Wind-Chest, or Sound Box but have the only Organ Bellows, giving power and great steadiness of tone. These with their extreme fine voicing of the Reeds and perfecting of the tone, make them the MOST PERFECT ORGAN KNOWN. Then, the fineness of workmanship, finish of action, and case, they excel all others. These great improvements and superiority of tone and workmanship of the AMERICAN ORGANS place them in the first rank as the best, and command a higher price than any other reed instrument in the market. A careful examination of them, in comparison with others will quickly show their superiority.

Special attention is called to the style of AMERICAN ORGAN, No. 17, containing the Super-Octave Coupler and Sub-Bass. FOR CHURCHES in want of a powerful instrument, whose means are limited its price, renders it very desirable.

EVERY ORGAN IS WARRANTED TO PROVE SATISFACTORY.

THE AMERICAN ORGANS all have the Reverberating Sound-Box, or Wind-Chest, and are finished in the highest style of Art, in Rosewood, Jet Walnut and Oak finish, richly Varnished and Polished, or in Smooth, Oil Finish, forming elegant pieces of Furniture for the Parlor or Boudoir; and the Oak and Walnut especially adapted for Churches, Lecture and Lodge Rooms.

THE AMERICAN ORGANS are all finished with our new PATENT Improvements, containing the improved Knee-Swell, Double Bellows, two Blow Pedals, and TREMOLO found in no other instrument.

NEW STYLES OF CASES,

Richly Finished and Highly Ornamented.

☞ Illustrated Catalogues, containing cuts taken from Photographs, showing their relative size to each other, sent free.

Sold only by

W. K. FOSTER,

jan 16—6taw 3m Union Block, Main St.

Statement

OF THE BUSINESS OF THE

Merchants Mutual Marine Insurance Company,

For the year ending Dec. 31, 1865, and Exhibit of the condition of the Company at that date.

Amount at risk Jan. 1, 1865,	$69,233	$31,216 21
Amount of risks taken during the year,	426,899	73,069 66
	493,632	107,285 77
Terminated and re-insured,	429,882	67,096 46
	65,650	40,189 31
Premiums earned after paying re-insurance,		60,851 51
Policy account,		298 50
Interest account,		4,515 82
Amt to profit and Loss, Dec. 31, 1864,	21,605 14	
Less amt dividends, 1864,	15,230 12	
		6,275 02
Amount of Losses paid in 1865,	39,334 53	
Less collected, re-insurance, &c.,	6,776 85	
	33,058 23	
Expenses, including In. Rev. tax,	3,507 86	
Profit and Loss for 1865,	35,572 76	
		71,938 85

ASSETS:

Bills receivable,	58,980 12
Cash,	15,501 58
Bangor City Bonds,	7,000 00
State of Maine Bonds,	2,512 50
U. S. 5-20 Bonds,	9,382 87
U. S. 7-30 Bonds,	5,100 00
Stock in 2d National Bank, Bangor,	10,000 00
Stock in Kenduskeag Nat. Bk. Bangor,	10,000 00
Due the Co. on ac, for premiums,	9,402 80
Office Furniture,	1,000 00
	$136,883 87

LIABILITIES:

Bills payable,	252 00
Scrip of the Company,	55,575 00
Losses adjusted—unpaid,	1,820 28
Estimated to pay losses known, but not adjusted,	12,960 00
Estimated cost to reinsure all risks,	22,500 00
Balance of assets over actual and estimated liabilities,	42,076 59
	$136,883 87

S. H. DALE, President.

jan16 J. E. BAKER, Secretary.

NOTICE.

ALL SCRIP issued by the subscriber will hereafter be forwarded to Messrs. Frankfort Mills, for redemption, instead of Frankfort Bank.

F. V. KLINK TREAT.

Frankfort Mills, Jan. 24, 1866. 3tawtf

Februs

ATLANTIC MONTHLY, for Folks, Harper Arthur, Peterson, and other Magazines.

Received by E. F. DURRIN.

jan 22

FIRE INSURANCE!

INSURE IN THE

Union Insurance Company

Capital, $100,000.

No Assessments.

OFFICE—Corner of State and Exchange Streets, BANGOR.

GEORGE STETSON, President.

Jan'y 23 tf J. S. CHADWICK, Sec'y.

MARINE INSURANCE!

—AT—

HOME!

THE

Union Insurance Company

INSURES AGAINST ALL KINDS OF MARINE LOSSES at its Office, corner of State and Exchange Streets, Bangor.

Capital, . . $100.000!

DIRECTORS.

SAMUEL VEAZIE, President Veazie Bank.
Hon. SAM'L F. HERSEY,
AMOS M. ROBERTS, President Eastern Bank.
W. H. SMITH, President Lumbermen's Bank, Oldtown.
WM. McGILVERY, President Somerset Bank.
HENRY E. PRENTISS, Esq., Dealer in Timber Lands.
GEO. STETSON, President First National Bank, Bangor.
FRANKLIN MUZZY, Firm of F. Muzzy & Co.
BARAD THOMPSON, Firm of Thompson & Hichborn.
Hon. A. D. MANSON.
FRANCIS M. SABINE, Merchant.
Hon. JOHN A PETERS, Attorney General.
C. G. DUNN, Esq.
JOHN S. CHADWICK, Esq.
Hon. ISAIAH STETSON, Firm of Stetson & Co.
JAMES LITTLEFIELD, Esq. Com'n Merchant.
EBENEZER BRADFORD, Esq., Firm of Bradford, Hatton & Co.
NATHAN C. AYER, Firm of N. C. Ayer & Co.
THOS. J. STEWART, Esq., Com'n Merchant.

GEO. STETSON, Pres't.

J. S. CHADWICK, Sec't'y.

January 25th—ts

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

—OFFICE—

Corner of Hammond and Central Streets,

Bangor, Me.

Cash Assets,	$14.000.000
Income for Current Year, all Cash,	3.500.000
Paid Claims by Death since formation of Company,	6.000.000
Receipts from Interest alone,	5.000.000

The Advantages Offered by the

Mutual Life Insurance Co.

OF NEW YORK,

ARE AS FOLLOWS:

It has a Larger Amount of ASSETTS than any other Company in this Country, amounting to

$14.000.000,

And are exclusively Cash!

DIVIDENDS ANNUALLY, and may be used as CASH in payment of PREMIUMS, or as an income when there is no Premium to pay.

Dividends declared upon a purely Mutual Plan, equitably dividing all the profits remaining after payment of expenses and the necessary reserve.

Rates of Premium are lower than in most Companies.

Premiums on Ten Year Policies cease at the expiration of ten years, making the Policy A PAID-UP POLICY, with Dividends still continuing a source of income during its existence.

All Policies issued by this Company participate in the Annual Distributions.

Policies issued so as to be non-forfeitable except by reason of direct violation of the condition of the Policy.

The safest and best investment that you can make of a few dollars, is to place it in a LIFE INSURANCE POLICY.

READER, ARE YOU INSURED?

If not, call upon the undersigned, and take a policy upon your life in the

Mutual Life Insurance Co.

OF NEW YORK.

The Best and Safest Company in the U. S.

Why is it the Best and Safest?

Because it has double the Cash Assets of any Life Insurance Company, and will earn more than any Company in this country for the Policy Holders.

No man with a dependent family, is free from reproach, if his life is not insured.

See to it before it's too late. Secure an Insurance on your life in this Company, by so doing you have made a wise investment. You will have the satisfaction of knowing that (when you are called hence) those you have loved, cared and provided for while here, are saved the reach of want through your prudence and wisdom.

Information given, blanks, statements and circulars furnished, on application either in person or by mail to

Charles P. Wiggin,

AGENT.

☞ Note carefully the name of this Company—THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK, that it may not be confounded with others somewhat similar. Jan 17

Whig & Courier.

Daily Established 1834. - - - Weekly 1855.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

For one square (amount of 15 lines this type,) one insertion,	$1 00
For one square, three times in the Daily,	1 50
For one square, one week,	2 00
each week's continuance,	75
For half-square, one time,	75
For half-square, three times,	1 00
For half-square, one week,	1 25
each week's continuance,	50
For one square, in Weekly, three times,	1 50
each week's continuance,	25

SPECIAL NOTICES.

$2.00 per square for first week—$1.00 per square for continuance.

DOUBLE COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS, inserted at the rate of "Special Notices."

☞ Advertisements inserted *three times a week* at two-thirds price; *two times a week*, one half price: *one time a week* one-third price.

☞ Advertisements, where the time of insertion is not specially designated, will be continued until otherwise ordered.

☞ All Transient Advertising must be paid for in advance.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Despatches to the Evening Times.

Various Matters—Great Fenian Excitement in Canada.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 6.

The steamer Mary A. Bonner with 800 bales of cotton was burned on the 3d at the mouth of the river. Passengers and crew saved.

All the merchants of Matamoras are trumping claims to be presented for losses in the Bagdad affair, believing the United States will pay.

It is reported that Escababo is marching on Monterey.

Fighting is going on in all directions.

There are prospects of a further forced loan in Matamoras.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.

The Tribune's special Washington despatch says:

The association of State and city school superintendents meets in Washington today, to make a permanent National organization.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.

An order was received from Washington yesterday for the extradition of Geo. Gostaff held in this city on the charge of administering poison to one McKenton in Toronto, Canada. One of the United States Deputy Marshals will escort the prisoner and deliver him over to the Canadian authorities.

Later advices from Havana report that on the 31st ult., a Spanish man-of-war left that port in great haste, in pursuit, it was supposed of some Chilian privateer.

The Herald's Toronto despatch says:—

The Fenian excitement has somewhat abated since it appears that Sweeney was not in Canada.

Precautions, however, have not at all been neglected and the police and military are on the alert.

The excitement and alarm is still widespread in the towns along the St. Lawrence river.

The Tribune's despatch from Topeka, Kansas, 3d, says yesterday the Senate bill appropriating 500,000 acres of land, was defeated in the House.

The Federal resolutions endorsing President Johnson's policy, were laid on the table with two dissenting votes.

This morning two concurrent resolutions were introduced into the House, asking Congress to submit an amendment of the Constitution prohibiting the re-election of the President.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.

Gold 139½. Sterling Exchange 107½@108.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.

Washington special despatches state that Boards of Medical officers meet in Brooklyn, Philadelphia and Chelsea, Mass., Mar. 12th, to examine candidates for the position of Assistant Surgeons in the navy. Applications must be made to Secretary Welles or Dr. Horwitz, chief of the Medical Bureau. Applicants must not be under 21 or over 26.

The House Committee on Banking have decided against allowing more State Banks to come under the National Banking Law. They are opposed to further increase of currency by additional National Banks.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 6.

The appointment of E. T. Parker as surveyor of this port gives universal satisfaction. The Times endorses him as one of the few thoroughly consistent Union men.

Civil proceedings have commenced by Texas State officers at Brownsville, against parties implicated in the Bagdad affair.

General Wood, in command of the Department of Mississippi, has issued an order that no intervention will be taken by the military against colored persons, or white persons who may be, or are punished by State laws.

There are upwards of 42,000 destitute persons in Alabama who require an expenditure of $2,000,000 annually, to relieve their necessities.

The labor prospects on the Red river plantations are more cheering. The freedmen are more inclined to work.

LOUISVILLE, Feb. 6.

In view of recent accidents from tubular boilers of steamboats, the underwriters have decided to take no risks where tubular boilers are used.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.

The Supreme Court has affirmed the decree of the Circuit Court of California, condemning a large quantity of champagne seized by the Collector at San Francisco, for evasion of the revenue laws, by alleged under valuation.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.

The race between the Winooski and Algonquin is postponed on account of the ice and severe weather. Both vessels were ready and considerable dissatisfaction was felt at the delay. The race will come off when a change for the better occurs in the weather.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.

The House Military Committee to-day voted to report the bill creating the grade of General in the army of the United States.—Pay is increased over that of Lieut. General $130 per month. There is no increase in allowances or commutation of any kind.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.

The Commercial says:—

Dullness and weakness still predominate in the stock market. There are rumors of an intended raid upon Erie by the principal dealers in that stock, with a view to putting it down to 70. How far the report is true we know not, but it had its effect this morning.

Reading was thrown upon the market freely, the sales being 13,000 shares, but without producing a material decline.

Governments are less active, 5-20's rather firmer; but 7 3-10's are in less demand and for the moment weak.

Money unchanged. Lenders are cautious. Discounts are quiet and unchanged. The difficulty of negotiating any except first class paper, appears to have had the effect of checking commercial credits, and there is apparently from this cause less pressure for discounts.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.

The special report of Mr. Hayes of the U. S. Revenue Commission, submitted to Congress to-day, recommends a special permanent tax of seven-tenths of one per cent in specie, or one per cent in lawful money upon securities and other indebtedness of the United States, owned at the time of the passage of the act, either in the United States, or abroad, the proceeds to be held and applied as a trust fund for the payment of the public debt. The majority of the commission were opposed to the proposition, but agreed Mr. Hayes might present it.

MALTREATMENT OF FREEDMEN. The Richmond Enquirer states that eight citizens of Madison County have been arrested and brought to that city, to appear before a military commission to answer the charge of alleged mistreatment of freedmen. It is said that several others, implicated in the same difficulty, will be brought down in a day or two.

A few days since, a difficulty occurred in Halifax County, between the officers of the Freedmen's Bureau, on duty in that county, and some of the citizens. Colonel Brown, Commissioner of the Bureau, had three of the parties arrested and put under bonds in the sum of two thousand dollars each, for their appearance before a military commission, by whom the matter will be fully investigated.

BRITISH STEAMERS. There are now 23 steam packet companies in Great Britain, who own about 370 steamers, the tonnage of which is 560,000, the horse power 110,000, and the value between £30,000,000 and £40,000,000 sterling. 164 of these ships are connected with Liverpool, 94 with Southampton, 49 with Hull, 35 with London, 16 with Glasgow, and 15 with Hartlepool; 200 of these steamers trade with the eastern, and 170 with the western hemisphere. Upwards of 80 of the largest of these exclusively trade with the United States. The whole of these steamers run about 10,000,000 miles, and consume 2,000,000 tons of coals in the course of a year, and they give employment to 30,000 seafaring men. The same number of sailing ships would not run one quarter of the number of miles in a year. The above ships are exclusive of about 100 steamers that run to and from England and the continent by the southern ports in the English Channel. The whole of this vast steamship power of the country has been created within the last 30 years.

The latest version of the subject says that Senator Dixon disclaims having had anything to do with the publication of the Associated Press dispatch containing an account of his conversation with the President. He gives out that he merely listened to what the President had to say, and that the President alone is responsible for the publication of the dispatch.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.

Mr. Blaine, Chairman of the Select Committee on the war debts of the loyal States, has received from all of the loyal States except Iowa, Kansas and Michigan, accounts of the sums expended by them respectively in supporting the war for the suppression of the rebellion. The footings up in most cases include the amounts expended by cities, counties and towns, and the aggregates in round numbers are:

Maine—Twelve million six hundred thousand dollars.

New Hampshire—Thirteen million dollars.

Vermont—Eight millions seven hundred thousand dollars.

Massachusetts—Twenty-four million one hundred thousand dollars. This is the State debt alone, without including town and city debts.

Rhode Island—Six million five hundred thousand dollars.

Connecticut—Seventeen millions.

New York—One hundred and eleven millions.

New Jersey—Twenty-six million seven hundred thousand.

Pennsylvania—Fifty-four millions.

Delaware—One million one hundred thousand.

Maryland—Eight million six hundred thousand.

West Virginia—Two millions.

Ohio—Sixty-five millions.

Indiana—Twenty-two million five hundred thousand.

Illinois—Thirty millions.

Wisconsin—Twelve million two hundred thousand.

Missouri—Nine million four hundred thousand.

Kentucky—One million six hundred thousand. This is the State debt alone.

These returns warrant the estimate that the total amount of the State war debts will exceed five hundred millions of dollars, in addition to those classes of war expenses incurred by the States, which can be audited under existing laws and paid by the General Government.—[Special despatch to Boston Journal.

At a great charity ball in New York, coachmen were not allowed to take home the party which they brought, but were compelled to fall into line and take whoever offered at one dollar for each passenger, no matter what was the distance. "Short fares" were consequently in demand. One driver, greatly against his will, was obliged to take in two ladies and a gentlemen for Sixty-second street. The shrewd "bucker," or solicitor of custom for the carriage, followed it up the street, and called in a loud voice to the driver: "I say, Jim, what did you do with them smallpox cases you had last night?" Before the driver answered, a lady's head was thrust out of each of the carriage doors; the driver stopped to ascertain what was wanted; in half a minute the ladies were in the street; in another half minute the driver had his three dollars and was ready to take his place in the line of carriages to wait for other passengers.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

—The House of Assembly of Rhode Island has agreed to raise the salaries of the Supreme Court to $2400, being $600 more than they now have, and to retain that of the Chief Justice at $2500.

—According to the report of the Treasurer General of Rhode Island, the public debt of that State is $3,826,800.51.

—The Lewiston Journal says a blind man in that city makes excellent brooms. He "goes it blind" with better success than would most people with good eyes.

—"What are you about with my microscope, George?" "I've been shaving, father, and I want to see if there are any hairs in the lather as yet."

—A sister of the late Lord Lyndhurst, Mrs. Greene of Boston, died recently. She was a daughter of Copley, the painter.

—It is said that there is a lady living in New York at the age of 106 years. Her name is Mrs. John Galine.

—When a Baltimore lady is kissed, she says she feels as though she was taking chloroform, and remains insensible as long as the operation lasts.

—A bill now before Congress provides for a standing army of about 50,000 men.

—There are 2,000 Catholic churches and chapels in the United States.

—Gen. Grant's pay as Lieutenant General amounts to $9,240 a year.

—He that would pass the latter part of his life with honor and decency must, when he is young, consider that he shall one day be old, and remember when he is old that he was once young.—[Johnson.

—A little boy in a Brooklyn Sunday School was asked lately to say which was the most beautiful verse in the Bible. After some hesitation he replied, blushingly, "If any man pulls down the American flag, shoot him on the spot."

—The St. Albans (Vt.,) Messenger says:—"Our local butter market shows the dull season, and quotations are of little account. Small sales were made last week at prices ranging from 25 to 32 cents."

—The largest canal in the world is one in China. It passes over 2,000 miles, and to forty-one cities.

—A question for a debating society:—Which is the most delightful operation? to kiss a fair woman on a dark night, or a dark woman on a fair night.

—A man, the son of a white father and a half-breed mother, has recovered $100 damages from the town authorities of Greene, Illinois, for refusing his vote on the ground that he was an Indian.

—A lady in the market laying her hand upon a joint of veal said,—"I think this veal is not quite so white as usual." "Put on your gloves, madam," was the reply, "and you will think differently." Not bad for a butcher. It is needless to say that the veal was ordered home immediately.

—The Baptist Home Mission Society has established theological schools for the training of colored ministers. Dr. Binney is located at Richmond, Dr. Chaplin at New Orleans, and Dr. Ripley at Savannah, for the purpose of instructing the present colored ministry and training the young colored men who may desire to preach.

—A lady in Fall River has been in the habit of feeding her parrot with cranberries from the tip of her tongue, and the other day the bird, endeavoring to get a better hold of the berry, took a portion of the tongue. It is presumed that the parrot will receive no more training on that point.

—A Texas letter says the common talk of the common people of Mexico is like this:—"We have had all the fighting we want; if let alone we will stay at home and mind our own business, but if compelled to fight we will fight for any other government than this.

ANOTHER STEP FORWARD. The passage by the National House of Representatives of the Constitutional Amendment, changing the basis of future representation in Congress, is an auspicious fact in the political history of the country. The amendment as adopted is the same in spirit and effect, and nearly the same in terms, as that submitted some days since by Hon. James G. Blaine, with the exception of that part relating to direct taxation, which was stricken from the original draft. It is presumed that this amendment will pass the Senate by a large majority. This looks like business, and it is hoped that Congress will continue in the work of well doing, and no longer disappoint the country by its disagreement about irrelevant matters, to the neglect of interests which come near the hearts of loyal American citizens.—Kennebec Journal.

The rush for all kinds of offices is still as great as ever at Washington. The applications filed at the Treasury Department have now reached 22,000, and every day augments the number. For the four thousand vacancies in the regular army there were over six thousand applicants. The proper filling of these positions, Gen. Grant remarked, a few evenings since, had caused him more anxiety and labor than the management of an army in the field. A panic was produced in the Ordnance Department by an order reducing the clerical force from two hundred to forty on the 1st of February.

A CUTTING ARGUMENT. In a speech recently made in Brooklyn, Frederick Douglass, in referring to a declaration made by Henry Ward Beecher, some years ago, that, if he could abolish slavery on the instant, or by waiting twenty-five years, could have it so abolished that the overthrow would wholly redound to the glory of the Christian Church, he would prefer the latter, said: "I presume Mr. Beecher was entirely sincere in this preference; and yet if I were a Maryland slaveholder, and Mr. Beecher were my slave, and I had a rawhide, I could take this opinion out of him in less than half an hour."

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Whig & Courier.

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WM. H. WHEELER, EDITOR.

☞ Business letters should be addressed to the Publishers, "WHEELER & LYNDE."

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 7, 1866.

Speech of Hon. Thaddeus Stevens.

(Concluded.

On the 5th day of December last I introduced a proposition to amend the Constitution, founding representation upon the voting basis, and excluding the foreign population, as the proposition of my friend from Ohio does. It was dear to my heart, for I had been gestating it for three months.—(Laughter.) But, when I came to consult the Committee of Fifteen, and found the States would not adopt it, I surrendered it. Now cannot my friend from Ohio give up his darling too? (Laughter.) I had another proposition, which I hope may again be brought forward. It is this: All national and State laws shall be equally applicable to every citizen, and no discrimination shall be made on account of race or color. There is the genuine proposition; that is the one I lost; that is the one I hope before we separate we shall have educated ourselves up to the idea of adopting, and that we shall have educated our people up to the point of ratifying it. But it would not be wise to entangle the present proposition with that one.—The one might drag down the other; and, although I have not obtained what I want, I am content to take what, after comparing ideas with others, I believe we can carry through the States, and I believe we can carry this proposition. Some gentlemen say this principle, if adopted, will be abused. Some learned gentlemen on the other side, for whose feelings I have great regard, seem to think so; and when I say on the other side I do not want to be misunderstood—I mean some of our friends on the other side of the chamber. (Laughter.) The others, they have not spoken, but I have as much regard for the others when they speak. It is said that this principle might be evaded by saying that no man who had ever been a slave shall vote, and that would not be a disfranchisement on account of race or color. Allow me to say that that suggestion must have been made hastily, and not with that well considered judgment which generally characterizes those gentlemen. Sir, no man in America ever was, or ever could be a slave, if he was a white man.

I know white men have been held to bondage contrary to law, but there never was a court in the United States, in a slave State or a free State, that has admitted that if one held as a slave could prove himself to be white he was that instant free, and therefore such an exclusion on account of previous condition of slavery must be an exclusion on account of race or color. Therefore that objection falls to the ground.

Now the question is narrowed down to the sole matter of a choice between the position of the Committee and the proposition of the gentleman from Ohio, (Mr. Schenck.) There is no necessity, then, unless I desire to exhibit myself, for my proceeding any further in this matter; nor do I propose to go into an examination of what was perhaps the not quite pertinent argument of the gentleman from New York (Mr. Raymond). All I want is that two-thirds of this Congress shall vote affirmatively on this question.

And while I should take pleasure in having the President approve of our conduct, yet he has nothing to say about it on this question. We do not send it to him and ask his opinion about it, and therefore it was all the more kind in him to send us his opinion without being asked for it.

Mr. Smith—I would ask the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. Stevens) to permit the paper which has called forth his remarks to be read so that we may understand to what he alludes when he speaks of the President undertaking to dictate to Congress.

Mr. Stevens—I have no objection to having it read, except that it will take more time than its importance warrants.

Several Members—Let it be read.

The Clerk read the conversation between the President and "a distinguished Senator," as sent by the Associated Press last Sunday.

Mr. Stevens—I am rather glad the gentleman from New York (Mr. Smith) called for the reading of that paper, because it shows that the President and I agree exactly upon one point at least, for he leaves out the word male in condemnation of the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. Schenck). I am very glad he called for the reading of that paper.

Mr. Ingersoll—I would like to ask a question of the gentleman from Pennsylvania.

Mr. Stevens—Very well.

Mr. Ingersoll—I would like to ask the gentleman by what authority does he claim that the paper just read expresses the views of the President?

Mr. Stevens—I think I have good reasons for saying that it emanated from the President.

Mr. Ingersoll—Has the gentleman any objection to stating what those good reasons are?

Mr. Stevens—I have no right to tell the secrets of the Executive. (Laughter.) But we know perfectly well that the President has nothing to do with this matter. The passage of this amendment by a two-thirds vote of both houses of Congress will carry it before the State Legislatures for ratification without regard to the approval or disapproval of the President! It is true that the Constitutional amendment for the abolition of slavery was, after its passage by both houses of Congress, sent inadvertently to President Lincoln for his signature, but although he signed it because he approved it, yet, acting with the sagacity and modesty which was so characteristic, he sent to Congress a message stating that that body in sending him that joint resolution for approval had done what the Constitution did not require. We shall not trouble President Johnson by sending him this amendment, if it should be passed by Congress, because it is not necessary to submit it to him for his approval. As I said before, I do not intend to refer particularly to the able, elaborate and eloquent speech of my friend from New York (Mr. Raymond), because that speech had to a great extent no connection whatever with this question, except possibly so far as the States may be affected by this amendment. He still persists in saying that the seceded States are, and always have been, in the Union—that the Constitution would not allow them to go out. I had undertaken to prove that they were out of the Union—not by our consent, but by operation of law. I had stated that they had formed the Confederate government by States; that they had raised large armies; that they had done what no State could constitutionally do—issue letters of marque which were recognized by us and by the civilized world. There is no doubt, sir, that for three years we acknowledged that rebel government as a belligerent, as did the whole civilized world. But whether we acknowledged the rebels or not the law of nations declares that when they had maintained themselves for a sufficient length of time to rise above the position of mere murderers or insurrectionists, they became belligerents, and it does not make a particle of difference whether the parent government recognizes them as belligerents. In this case, however, the acknowledgment of our own Government, and the well settled law of nations, combined to consolidate the States in rebellion this position. The gentleman cannot deny this state of facts, and yet he reiterates the doctrine, "Once a State always a State."

May I be pardoned for calling a paragraph from Vattel:

"When a nation becomes divided into two parties, absolutely independent and no longer acknowledging a common superior, the State is dissolved, and the war between the two parties stands on the same ground in every respect as a public war between two different nations."

Again I read: "The conventions, the treaties, made with a nation are broken or annulled by a war arising between the contracting parties."

This is the doctrine of Vattel as well as of Grotius, and Rutherford, and Puffendorf. The gentleman from New York denies it.—I admit the weight of the gentleman's authority, but I am not willing that all those sages of the law, clad in the panoply of ages and fortified by the opinion of the civilized world, shall be broken down and annihilated by the single arm of my friend from New York, however powerful he may be in assault and cunning in defense.

One word as to another portion of the gentleman's speech. I could not but admire (an admiration mingled with wonder) the amiability of temper, the tenderness of heart, the generosity of feeling, which must have prompted some of the closing sentences of the excellent and able speech delivered by the gentleman on last Monday. His words were these: "The gigantic contest is at an end. The courage and devotion on either side, which made it so terrible and so long, no longer owe a divided duty, but have become the common property of the American name—the priceless possession of the American republic through all time to come. The dead of the contending hostile sleep beneath the soil of a common country, under their common flag. Their hostilities are hushed, and they are the dead of the Nation forevermore." Sir, much more than amiable, much more than religious—must be the sentiment that would prompt any man to say that the "courage and devotion" which so long withstood our arms, prolonging the terrible conflict of war, and sacrificing the lives of thousands of loyal men, are hereafter to be the common boast of the nation. "The priceless possession of the American Republic thro' all time to come;" that it is the pride of our country that so many infamous rebels were so ferocious in their murders. Sir, we are to consider, these dead on both sides as the dead of the nation—the common dead! and so I suppose we are to raise monuments to them, beside the monuments to Reynolds and others to be erected in the cemetery on the battlefield of Gettysburg! We must there build high the monumental marble for men like Barksdale, whom I have seen in this hall draw their bowie knives upon the representatives of the people—men who died upon the battle-field of Gettysburg in arms against the Government—and where they now lie in ditches, "unwept, unhonored and unsung." They are supposed to be raised and put into the front ranks of the nation, and we are to call them through all time as "the dead of the nation!" Sir, was there ever blasphemy before like this? Who was it burnt the temple at Ephesus? Who was it imitated the thunder of Jove? All that was poor compared with this blasphemy. I say if the loyal dead who are thus associated with the traitors who murdered them—put by the gentleman on the same footing with them, and are to be treated as the "common dead of the nation," I say, sir, if they could have heard the gentleman they would have broken the casements of the tombs and stalked forth and haunted him until his eye balls were scared.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

Reported for the Whig.

Supreme Judicial Court.—January Term

KENT, J., presiding.

Bangor, Tuesday, Feb. 6.

Sarah Dyer, Lib't, vs. John Dyer. For divorce. Divorce decreed.

G. W. Pratt.

Oliver Sherwood, Lib't, vs. Margaret Sherwood. For divorce. A notable case. The libellant was the only witness. During the progress of the case he was so overcome with grief that at times he could hardly proceed. The recollection of his marriage affected him; the reference to his conversion, which presently followed, affected him; the recalling the transfer of his wife's affections to another, and the transfer of his own estate to the same fascinating individual, through his wife's persuasions, affected him; the recalling the desertion and "gross and wicked ill-treatment" affected him, and the announcement of the decree—"Divorce decreed"—so overcame him that he was overwhelmed in tears. He at length recovered, however, sufficiently to withdraw his dolorous physiognomy to a remote corner of the Bar, where he seemed to be ruminating on the new state of affairs. Soon his countenance began to relax, and presently was in a broad grin. During the remainder of his stay the courtroom was fairly illuminated by his smiles, and, considering the number of individuals there, was the brightest occasion we have had for many a day.

Steamer for Wheeler's.

Mr. Editor:—Allow me through the medium of your paper to acknowledge the receipt of Fifteen Dollars from "A friend in Boston" for the use of the Bangor Fire Society, and to say to the donor that the amount will be faithfully used to relieve the needy.

I would further say that the gift is timely, and suggest to any of the city that have not contributed that thus far the amount collected is less than last year, while the calls for wood are more numerous. Please dont wait to be called on, but hand the amount to the collectors, Thos. J. Stewart and William P. Hubbard, or the treasurer.

O. H. INGALLS, Treas.

PERSONAL. J. Q. Howard, U. S. consul at St. John, N. B., arrived in our city yesterday morning, and has taken rooms at the Bangor House.

☞ We understand that Eagle Engine Co. No. 3, of this city, has donated $100 for the relief of Michael Lynch, one of their old members, who had his shop burned down on Saturday night last, provided he is unable to procure the insurance, about which there appears to be some doubt.

—Two lads, named Charles and Gorham Reynolds, in Portland one day last week, went into the Centre St. schoolhouse and stole an overcoat belonging to one of the scholars. From there they went up to the Park St. schoolhouse and stole another overcoat. Officer Wyman arrested the lads.

—They fine people in Portland for neglecting to shovel snow from the sidewalks in front of their premises. If our city by-law relating to that matter was put in force, the Police Court would most likely do a good business.

—In the town of Yarmouth, at the present time, there are no less than twelve vessels on the stocks, varying from 150 to 1200 tons burthen, and what is best of all, most Saturday night's sun sets that one dollar is owed for either material or labor by any of these Yarmouth builders, unless it be the fault of the material man or laborer in not calling for his dues.

A PIECE OF HISTORY. On May 23, 1758, Gov. Pownall of Massachusetts ascended the Penobscot river from Fort Point, with two sloops, ten whaleboats and 136 men for the purposes of exploration. One of the sloops struck on a rock in the middle of the river, nearly opposite the foot of what is now Newbury street in Bangor. His men succeeded in getting her off, but the current was so strong that he could not proceed much further by water, even with his whaleboats. He therefore landed his men on the east side of the river, and proceeded to the head of the first Falls, about four miles and a quarter from the first Ledge, Clear Land on the Left for near four Miles."

At the head of the Falls he buried a leaden plate with this inscription:—

May 23, 1758. Province Massachusetts Bay. Dominions of Great Britain. Possession confirmed by T. Pownall, Governor.

[Has any one found that plate? If the Indians did not, and the white men did not, it is waiting to be found by somebody, opposite the Venzie mills.]

The next day the Governor returned with his expedition and the dead body of General Waldo—who "drop'd down just above the Falls of an apoplexy"—and arrived at Natsaumkeag (Fort) Point at two o'clock, p. m.

Having found this to be the most eligible place for a fort in the river, he determined to build one there, and commenced work.—His journal says,—"Erected the flagstaff and hoisted the King's Color with all the Ceremonies usual on such Occasions, adding Divine Service to beg God's blessing, for unless the Lord builds the house, the Laborer worketh but in vain."

"Treated the Troops with a barrel of Rum."

This fort was completed July 6, 1759, at an expense of £5,000. The work was approved, and named Fort Pownall by the General Court of Massachusetts.

—The steam sawmill of Mr. John M. Davis in Portsmouth, was destroyed by fire last week. Loss $2500. In the evening the stable of Joseph Holmes took fire, but it was confined to the interior of the building.—Loss $1000.

—The war against the Apache Indians of the Plains is about to be opened by General McDowell with great vigor. The General has left San Francisco for Arizona to assume the superintendence of operations, and has issued orders for the movement of troops. Other Indian tribes are co-operating with the national forces against the Apaches, and some of them have done excellent service. A grand council of the Maricopas, Pimos, Mohaves and Yumas was to be held on Gen. McDowell's arrival in Arizona, to concert measures for assistance.

—The Evangelical Dissenters of London have spent £727,000 since 1664 in chapel building in the metropolis. The Independents have raised more than half of this in building seventy-nine chapels at a cost of £6,369,263. The Baptists have spent £181,863, and the Wesleyans £112,000 in the same way.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE PENOBSCOT SHEEPKEEPER'S ASSOCIATION will meet at the Burrill School House, in Dedham, on TUESDAY, the 20th day of February, at 10 o'clock, A. M. D. M. DUNHAM, Secty.
feb 6—6t 3taw

LECTURE.

☞ Bangor Freedmen's Aid Association.

The Fifth Lecture will be delivered WEDNESDAY EVENING, Feby. 7th, by

Maj. Gen'l O. O. HOWARD.

Tickets 25 cents. To be had at the Book Stores and the door. feb 6 (Times copy 2t)

TICKETS TO ALL POINTS WEST,

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$25 00 to London and Return,

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$35 00 From Bangor to London AND RETURN.

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GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY,

It is a city of 16,000 inhabitants; has good Hotels; and miles East from Bothwell; the fare from London to Bothwell is about $1.25.

☞ TICKETS can be procured only at the Maine Central and K. & B. Rail Road Depots, and at the Company's Office

NO. 22 WEST MARKET SQUARE.

WM. FLOWERS,

EASTERN AGENT.

Jan'y 24 1866.—sn

A COUGH, COLD OR SORE THROAT

REQUIRES IMMEDIATE ATTENTION, AND SHOULD BE CHECKED. IT ALLOWED TO CONTINUE,

Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Affection, or an Incurable Lung Disease

IS OFTEN THE RESULT.

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HAVING A DIRECT INFLUENCE TO THE PARTS, GIVE IMMEDIATE RELIEF.

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TROCHES ARE USED WITH ALWAYS GOOD SUCCESS BY SINGERS AND PUBLIC SPEAKERS

Will find *Troches* useful in clearing the voice when taken before Singing or Speaking, and relieving the throat after an unusual exertion of the vocal organs. The *Troches* are recommended and prescribed by Physicians, and have had testimonials from eminent men throughout the country. Being an article of true merit, and having *proved* their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the *Troches* are universally pronounced better than other articles.

OBTAIN only "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the *Worthless Imitations* that may be offered.

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FENIAN BALL!

The BANGOR CIRCLE will give a

Grand Ball,

AT

NOROMBEGA HALL,

Thursday Evening, Feb. 8th.

The presence of all who are friendly to the cause of Republican liberty in Ireland is respectfully solicited.

Dancing to commence at 8 o'clock.

Refreshments will be served by Mr. J. A. Wallis, in the Ante-room of the Hall.

☞ Tickets $1.50, which can be procured at the stores of GIBBONS & KELLEY or JAMES TOBIN.
feb2 1w

OTITINE.

This excellent Remedy is an infallible cure for Deafness, Discharges from the Ear, and NOISES IN THE HEAD.

This wonderful VEGETABLE EXTRACT has been the means of restoring thousands to their hearing, who, after trying everything and every body had given up hoping ever to hear again.

It operates like a charm upon offensive discharges from the EAR, no matter what may have caused it, or how long the disease has been standing.

Noises in the Head disappear unheeding its influence as if by magic. Price $2 00 a bottle. For sale by all druggists. At wholesale by G. C. GOODWIN & Co., No. 38 Hanover Street Boston.
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ARMY ITCH!

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☞ POSITIVELY ☜

An Infallible Cure for Itch!

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B. F. BRADBURY, Sole Proprietor,
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Perry's Moth and Freckle Lotion.

☞ Chloasma, or Moth patch, (also Liverspot, and Lentigo) or Freckles, are often very annoying, particularly to ladies of light complexion, for the discolored spots show more plainly on the face of a blonde than a brunnette; but they greatly mar the beauty of either; and any preparation that will effectually remove them *without injuring the text ure or color of the skin*, is certainly a desideratum. Dr. B. C. Perry, who has made diseases of the skin a speciality, has discovered a remedy for these discolorations, which is at once prompt, infallible and harmless.

Prepared only by B. C. PERRY, Dermatologist, No. 49 Bond Street, New York, and for sale by all druggists; in Bangor, by Warren L. Alden, Whole sale Agent; price $2.00 per bottle. Call for

PERRY'S MOTH AND FRECKLE LOTION.
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M. T. COLKINS

HAS MARKED DOWN HIS ENTIRE

CLOAK STOCK,

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FOR A FEW DAYS ONLY,

Thirty Dollar Cloaks for Twenty Dollars,
20 " do " 15 "
15 " do " 10 "
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You can have a Garment

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jan 8—sn

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EXTRACT BUCKU

Is especially recommended by the Medical Faculty for the cure of Diseases of the *Stomach* and *Kidneys*, *Rheumatism*, *General Debility*, *Dropsies*, *Chronic Gonorrhœa*, and *Cutaneous Diseases*. For those suffering from the effects of *excesses of any kind* it is perfectly *invaluable*. For *Female Complaints* it is a *priceless remedy*. It never fails to effect a *cure*. It is the *BEST* and *CHEAPEST* preparation of Buchu offered to the public.

☞ Price, One Dollar per bottle.

For sale by W. L. ALDEN & CO and N. S. HARLOW.

Agent for Maine, W. W. WHIPPLE, Portland.

BURLEIGH & ROGERS, Wholesale Druggists, Boston, General Agents.
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☞ For reliable information or tickets, call at the OLD ESTABLISHED TICKET OFFICE, 22 West Market Square, or the Maine Central Depot, and all principal Ticket Offices in Maine.

Wm. Flowers,

Jan 18, 1866 *EASTERN AGENT.*

The Great Worm Remedy.

It has been said by more than one eminent physician that more sickness among children is the result of Pin Worms than all other causes;—that worms imitate the symptoms of most other diseases, often producing fatal results, without being suspected. From this cause of so much sickness, every family may have an effectual remedy, by procuring a Bottle of

Dr. E. C. Gould's Pin Worm Syrup.

It will remove ord nary stomach worms oftener than any of the vermifuges in the market, and for Pin Worms it has no equal. It will relieve children or adults from all annoyance in twenty-four hours, and effect an entire cure when taken according to directions. It is a mild cathartic, and can be given to the youngest child with perfect safety. It improves the health by removing all impurities from the system.

At wholesale, in Boston, by G. C. GOODWIN & CO.; in Bangor by N. S. HARLOW, W. L. ALDEN & CO., B. F. BRADBURY. At retail by druggists everywhere. sn3taw16w—nov21

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MESSRS. FOGG & BURGESS, Bangor.

J. H. BEALL, Pres't 2d National Bank, Boston.

MESSRS. CHARLES SMITH & Co., Boston.

dec 1—sn 6m

Musical Notice.

The undersigned desires to inform the Musical Public of Bangor and vicinity, and those wishing to study the Piano Forte, that Miss Georgia Pearson has been studying the Literature and Theory of Music, under the "Celebrated Chave System" for the last two months, and he recommends her as competent to teach it, as far as she has gone, with great advantage to her pupils.

JOSEPH BORN.

Bangor, Aug. 28, 1865. 6m

Lumbermen's State Convention.

AT a meeting of the Lumbermen of Bangor, holden on the 2d instant, the undersigned were instructed to invite the lumbermen of Maine to meet in Convention, at the City Hall in Bangor, on TUESDAY, the 13th day of February instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon—

To take into consideration the attempt which is now being made by the agents of the British Provinces, at Washington, to procure the renewal, in some form, of the so-called Reciprocity Treaty, and to take measures, in the event of such renewal, to procure a specific duty upon every kind of lumber imported into the United States from the Provinces, which shall afford the same protection to the manufacture of lumber which is afforded by the existing tariff of 5 cents kinds of manufactures, it being understood that a duty is talked of not one-fourth of what justice requires, and which would leave our business exposed to certain ruin.

S. P. STRICKLAND, President.

R. E. PRENTISS, Secretary.

Bangor, Feb. 2, 1866

WARREN'S

COUGH BALSAM

has been found by experience to be the

BEST REMEDY

For the various diseases of the Lungs and Throat such as

DIPHTHERIA,

ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, CONSUMPTION, CROUP INFLUENZA, PLEURISY, PNEUMONIA OR INFLAMMATION OF THE LUNGS, AND WHOOPING COUGH

In these complaints this medicine has NO SUPERIOR, and while thus efficacious it is perfectly safe to administer to persons of all ages.

The Cough Balsam possesses the two-fold advantage of being at once valuable as a curative and invaluable as a preventive of all the diseases of the Throat, Lungs and Bronchia.

The world is challenged to produce a compound of equal efficacy and safety.

☞ Prepared and sold by AMBROSE WARREN, Bonnie Druggist, No. 1 Granite Block, East Market Square, Bangor, Me. dec 16 sn 10w D&W.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER has proved itself to be the most perfect preparation for the hair ever offered to the public.

It is a vegetable compound, and contains no injurious properties whatever.

IT WILL RESTORE GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR.

It will keep the hair from falling out.

It cleanses the scalp, and makes the hair soft, lustrous and silken.

It is a splendid hair dressing.

No person, old or young, should fail to use it.

IT IS RECOMMENDED AND USED BY THE FIRST MEDICAL AUTHORITY.

☞ Ask for *Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer*, and take no other.

R. P. HALL & CO.,

Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.

☞ For sale by all druggists.
aug25 6m1&w

ITCH! ITCH! ITCH!

SCRATCH! SCRATCH! SCRATCH!

Wheaton's Ointment

Will Cure the Itch in 48 Hours.

Also cures SALT RHEUM, ULCERS, CHILBLAINS, and all ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN.—Price 50 cents. For sale by all druggists.

By sending it direct to WEEKS & POTTER, Sole Agents, 170 Washington street, Boston, it will be forwarded by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States. oct 26—sn d&wly.

MUSICAL.

Mr. JOHN HOYT,

Teacher of Piano, Harmony, and Cultivation of the Voice.

Orders left at Horton & Crommett's Music Store, or at the Bangor House. Pupils in either of the above branches may be assured that they will be taught the latest and most approved method.

References—Mr. John C. Tufts, Profs. B. F. Baker, J. W. Adams, Boston, Mass.

nov 3 tf

THOMAS J. STEWART,

Shipping and Commission Merchant and Ship Broker,

Office, No. 1 Mercantile Square

jan 8 '63

Dr. Sanger,

Having returned to Bangor will resume the practice of

Medicine and Surgery.

Residence—Penobscot Exchange. *Office*—No 90 Main street, nearly opposite W. L. Alden & Co.
oct 12

The Place to Get

GOOD SIGNS!

Of every description, *CHEAP*.

IS AT

MARSTON & SON'S,

127 EXCHANGE STREET.

31w

Doct. MORISON

Has REMOVED to Patten Court, tenement formerly occupied by Moses Patten, Esq.

☞ Office on Hammond Street, opposite the Court
nov4

Mutual Benefit Life Ins. Co.

Change of Agency.

I have been appointed Agent of the Mutual Benefit Life Ins. Co. of Newark, N. J.

☞ Premiums for renewal of Policies will be paid to me.

☞ I would invite all who desire to effect Insurance on their Lives to make application to me for a Policy in this Company. I am satisfied that this Company offers advantages to those insured equal, *at least*, to any Life Insurance Company in the country.

J. B. Foster,

March 15 tf Office at the M. M. M. Ins. Co's.

MARRIED.

In this city, Feb. 1st, by John E. Godfrey, Esq., Dr. Lowell Marston, of Glenburn, and Miss Prudence Grover, of Bangor.

In Winterport, Feb. 4th, by R. A. Rich, Esq., Mr. Abram M. Snow, of Frankfort, to Miss Eliza F. Clements, of Winterport.

In Newport, Feb. 4th, by Geo. W. Whitney, Esq., Alonzo J. Nutter, and Hannah E. Gurney, both of Newport.

In Hampden, Feb. 4th, by S. W. Matthews, Esq., Mr. Franco Rebarre, to Miss Mary F. Hart, both of Hampden.

General Agent Wanted.

ONE of the most popular and successful LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES in the U. S., intending to establish its business more thoroughly in the State of Maine, would make liberal arrangements with a suitable party. Address

C. G. WILSON,

17 State Street, Boston, Mass.

Reference as will justify confidential communications. feb 7—6t

Still Later from Virginia!

CHOICE VIRGINIA SOLID

Oysters,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND, AND SELLING LOW, at LOW'S MARKET. feb 7—1w

Horse Radish!

Horse Radish!

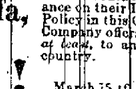
PURE GRATED HORSE RADISH, in any quantity, at LOW'S MARKET. feb 7—1w

New Bangor Pork,

NEW BANGOR HAMS,
NEW BANGOR LARD,
BEEF TONGUES,
SOUSED TRIPE,
SOUSED PIGS' FEET,
BOLOGNA SAUSAGES,

In any quantity and very low, at LOW'S MARKET. feb 7—1w

Dog Lost.



A TAN-COLORED DOG, about six months old, with a strap around his neck. The finder will be suitably rewarded on returning it to feb 7—3t. No. 9 GARLAND ST.

Green Wood!

FOR SALE. Apply at 44 Exchange Street. jan 10 MATHEW LINCOLN.

Vessels Wanted,

To load Lime, at Rockland, for New York, with despatch. jan31 2w FRED ATWOOD.

AETNA

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

THE ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

Grew out of the Old Ætna Fire Insurance Company, having been first organized as a Company. The Life Fund was afterward separated from the Fire Fund, where it was before. In 1861 the Mutual was combined with the Stock plan; by this combination all the benefits of a Mutual Co., and the additional security which a safely since that time the ÆTNA has enjoyed unusual prosperity, and increased its business to an extent. The energy and enterprise which have characterized its operations are shown by the following figures:—

The Receipts for the Year 1863 were $201 454 67
The Receipts for the Year 1864 were 694,827 53
The Receipts for the Year 1865 were 1,633,039 57.

The number of Policies issued during the year 1865 was 8819.

This UNPARALLELED GROWTH or "attainment of breadth" of business is well authority as the true measure of success.

The ÆTNA pays a 50 per cent. dividend on the premiums of ordinary Life Policies the first payment of premium. This is 6 per cent better than the average of Companies *four years* from the first payment of premium. The Ætna issues the

TEN-YEAR NON-FORFEITING POLICIES,

TEN-YEAR NON-FORFEITING ENDOWMENT POLICIES.

The Ætna stands ahead in new business and with the lowest expense, which is insured.

☞ All information cheerfully given and application policies taken by the subscriber.

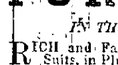
JOHN S. KIMBALL & SON, Agents.

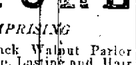
February 7 Nos. 30 and 32 Exchange Street.

FURNITURE

WARE-ROOMS,

66 Main Street, - - - Bangor.





THE LARGEST AND BEST STOCK OF

FURNITURE

IN THE CITY, COMPRISING

RICH and Fashionable Black Walnut Parlor Suits, in Plush, Terry, Rep, Lasting and Hair Cloth.

Elegant Walnut and Ash Chamber Sets, Marble and Wood Top; also, very richly finished Painted and Enamelled Chamber Sets, of my own manufacture.

Marble and Wood Top Centre Tables, of various styles.

Black Walnut and Mahogany Sofas, Rocking, Reclining, Easy and Parlor Chairs, of every style.

Gondola, French and Common Lounges, in Rep, Hair, Cloth and Damask.

Black Walnut Etageres, of the latest patterns, and richly carved.

Walnut and Ash Side-Boards, of the latest styles.

Grecian and Common Extension Tables, and Common Hard Wood and Pine Top Dining Tables.

Hat Trees, of numerous styles.

Cane and Wood Seat Chairs, of every variety.

French and Common Bedsteads, Bureaus, Sinks, and Tilet Stands.

Looking Glasses of all sizes and styles, including Walnut Pier and Mantel Glasses, elegantly carved.

Painted Window Shades, Fixtures, Walnut Curtain Poles, Tassels, Door Mats, &c.

Clocks, from the best manufactory in the United States.

Fancy Walnut & Ash Brackets, of numerous styles.

Book Cases, Office Desks, Show Cases, Wardrobes, &c., and all other articles in the Cabinet line made to order.

Having in my employ as good and experienced workmen as there are in New England, I will warrant every article made to give perfect satisfaction.

Curled Hair and Excelsior Mattresses of the best quality, of my own manufacture, which I will sell as low as can be purchased in New England.

☞ I have a machine for Picking and Cleansing Curled Hair and Cotton, by the aid of which Old Hair and Cotton Mattresses can, for a trifling expense, be made as good as new.

☞ Having lately re-modelled my ware-rooms, 66 MAIN STREET, and extended them to the adjoining building, over the store of HATCH & WILLIAMS, I am prepared to sell to all who wish to favor me with a call, and patronize Bangor industry, as low as they can purchase in Boston.

G. W. MERRILL,

feb 7—3taw 66 MAIN STREET.

CONDENSED STATEMENT

OF THE

Morris Fire and Inland Insurance Co.

OF NEW YORK, JANUARY 1, 1866.

Amount of Capital,	$500,000 00
Amount of Capital paid in,	500,000 00
ASSETS.	
U. S. 10-40 5 per cent. Gold Bearing Bonds, (market value),	$375,456 25
U. S. 7 3-10 Treasury Notes, (market value),	219,422 50
Wisconsin War Bonds,	4,750 00
Cash on hand,	49,690 51
Cash due on premiums written at the office,	53,908 28
Cash in hands of Agents,	50,300 59
Interest accrued and not due,	19,132 55
Amount of all other Investments,	9,550 00
	$781,670 68
Amount of losses claimed and unpaid not yet due, and all other claims,	$119,005 47
Amount of Fire losses paid the past year,	191,883 50

E. A. STANSBURY, President.

E. R. THOMAS, Secretary.

B. PLUMMER & SONS,

feb 7—is3w Agents, Bangor.

TOILET GOODS! If one desires to purchase Hair, Tooth, Nail, Silver, Hat, Cloth, or Dust Brushes, or Toilet Soaps, Powders, Colognes, or Pomades and Perfumes of the choicest kinds, call at feb 6 BRADBURY'S.

SPONGES. The assortment of choice, fine, and glove and carriage Sponges, is unsurpassed at feb 6 BRADBURY'S.

HAIR RESTORATIVES. The sale of *Clock's, Hall's, Tebbett's* and *Giofray's* Hair Restorers, is unprecedented at feb 6 BRADBURY'S.

HAVANA CIGARS. A new and choice brand of Cigars at feb 6 BRADBURY'S.

House for Sale.

The Subscriber offers for sale his House on Spring St., and two adjoining Lots, at a great Bargain. House is in good repair and convenient. Has hard and soft water.

feb 6—2w* W. B. HEATH.

CORN

—AT—

AUCTION.

R. S. Prescott, Auc'r.

ON THURSDAY NEXT, FEBRUARY 8th, at 11 o'clock, A. M., at store No. 11 City Point Block, Exchange Street,

2000 Bushels Prime Mealing CORN,

feb6 In lots to suit purchasers.

FOR SALE,

HOUSE AND LOT No. 1 OHIO STREET, the Starrett Homestead. Also, 700 acres of land in Dedham, near Read's Pond—good wood land with some Hemlock thereon.

feb 5—tf JOHN T. STRICKLAND, Administrator.

OILS!

SPERM, LARD, WHALE, COAL, NEATSFOOT, ELAINE and MYSTIC OILS.

For sale in lots to suit purchasers. by BLOOD & ROWE.
30dec9

MUTTY'S

Friction Feed Roller,

FOR CIRCULAR SAWS

PATENTED JAN'Y 16, 1866.

THIS INVENTION for Saws provided with Feed Rollers for re-sawing lumber.

It reduces the labor of sawing per cent. more than by other machines now in use, is simple in construction, and not expensive to build.

It has been in practical operation for one year, where it has given entire satisfaction, and certificates of its superiority from operations of

The undersigned having purchased the right of the above valuable invention, is now prepared to manufacture and sell the same to mill owners. The practical test to which it has been subjected, by its use, fully warrants the assertion that the saving of labor will, in a few years, pay for the machine.

THOS. N. FGERY, Inventor and Manufacturer of Saw Mill Machinery, Dedham, Me.

C. GEER, Mill Wright,
DANL. STURGIS,
PALMER & JOHNSON,
G. W. GORHAM, Mill Wright,
J. W. TREADWELL, Mill Wright,
JAMES TRACY, Practical Mill Wright.

☞ For terms and rights to manufacture MUTTY'S SAW MILL, address the subscriber, Brewer Village, Me. For further particulars call on or address the Secretary of the Company on the premises.

WM. VOSE

Orrington, Feb. 2, 1866 —6—1ad 4w

Change in Livery Stock

Having purchased the interest of my partner in the LIVERY STOCK of the Main Street Stable, I respectfully solicit the patronage of my friends and the public generally.

CHOICE LIVERY STOCK

At my old stand on the Hammond road just below the Bangor House, where I shall be happy to wait upon old and new customers.

All orders left at the Bar or House will receive prompt attention.

Hacks or Livery, with or without drivers, furnished at short notice.

M. SHAW

feb 5 Time.

Active Agents Wanted

TO Canvass for New Line Steel Portraits of PRESIDENT LINCOLN and FAMILY, and GENERALS LINCOLN and GRANT, and other new and popular Engravings as fast as published. *Steel, Etching and Line Engraving. Agents wanted in every County in the State.* Some Agents are now engaged in canvassing from 5 to 8 days in their canvass. They say, "EVERYBODY BUYS." Absolute control of territory given. Address immediately and secure it. For terms, &c., address

W. H. H. RICE, Gen'l Agt.
P. O. Box 1500, Boston, Mass.

feb 6—2w*

A RARE CHANCE!

Millinery Stock and Fixtures FOR SALE.

S. H. HERSAM & CO., wishing to close business, offer at a great Bargain their entire Assorted Stock of *Millinery Goods* and Fixtures, with *Store Rent* reasonable, at their well known and long established stand,

CORNER OF MAIN AND LISBON STREETS,

Lewiston, Feb 1, 1866 —6— d&w 2w

VALENTINES!

VALENTINES!

A LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

VALENTINES,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

BY

J. W BARTLETT

feb 3

FEBRUARY—LADY'S BOOK, received by E. F. HUBBEN
feb 1

FEBRUARY—Godey and Bank Note Reporter, received by D. BUGBEE & CO.
feb 1

NEW BOOKS.

SIMPLICIT

TELEGRAPHIC
TO THE
Whig & Courier.

Intelligence In Relation to Fenian Matters.

The Excitement in Canada on the Increase.

Another Report that the French are about to Leave Mexico.

Washington Matters!

Sec'y McCulloch Does Not Concur with Mr. Hayes in His Financial Scheme.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.

Judge Chapman of the United States Circuit Court has granted a motion to quash the indictment against Barney, Fabian and Chauncey charge with uttering forged Custom House bonds, being satisfied that the Court had no power to try the case.

The Express says:

A movement is being initiated among the O'Mahoney Fenians to solicit the interference of Secretary Seward on behalf of the Irish American citizens who have been found guilty in Ireland of being Fenians in America.

The Fenian leaders are said to have a list of many British spies who are constantly watching their movements.

The Express says:—

Sensation telegrams are in town from Canada announcing that the Fenian alarm is spreading, and in many places the volunteers have been called out; that Ottawa is being garrisoned, and the sentinels around the powder magazines at St. Helen's Island have been doubled. Little importance is attached to them.

The steamer Palestine, which arrived today, brings the following important item of intelligence:

The Emperor Napoleon in his speech on the 22d says that arrangements are being made to withdraw the French troops from Mexico and its hoped this will pacify the people of the United States who were invited to join the expedition, but declined, although such expedition was not opposed to their interests. The remainder of the speech refers purely to home questions.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.

Each member of Congress has been furnished with five tickets for the obsequies of President Lincoln on the 12th inst. This number will fill the entire Hall of the House of Representatives, and no other persons excepting those holding tickets will obtain admission to the capitol building that day.

All orders heretofore issued requiring transportation to be furnished furloughed soldiers are revoked.

Our Consul at Rotterdam in a despatch to the State Department dated Jan. 16th says the cattle plague is still on the increase in Holland, and had extended to the province of North Brabant.

The Pacific Railroad directors and commissioners who have recently been holding a convention in this city left Washington for New York to-day, where they will again convene for practical business, the meeting here being only for obtaining and comparing views with the officers of the roads connecting with the Union Pacific.

Secretary McCulloch in sending to the House the report of S. S. Hayes of the revenue commission on the property in the public funds and the income therefrom, the financial system, the creation of a sinking fund and taxation in general, says in an accompanying letter, that Mr Hayes's views are clearly and ably presented, that he cannot concur in his conclusions, but it is due to that gentleman that his report should be printed and carefully considered by Congress.

It is known that many persons render their receipts to the officers of the internal revenue on a gold basis, but pay their taxes in paper, and that while the bonds of Railroad companies held by citizens in this country are taxed the foreign holders of such securities are exempt. Mr. Morrill, Chairman of the Ways and Means has prepared a bill to remedy these defects and it will probably be passed to-morrow.

It is believed that the committee on elections have agreed to report in favor of Col. Washburn, the contestant for the seat occupied by Mr Voorhees of Ind.

It appears from a communication sent to the House to-day by the Secretary of the Treasury that the total cost of the land improvements and appurtenances of the Philadelphia Navy Yard has been $1,998,355.

The following nominations have been confirmed by the Senate to-day—

Commander M. F. Raidy, to be captain in the navy.

Lt Commander Edward Barrett to be commander.

John Wilson of Illinois, Consul at Antwerp.

Fitz Henry Warren, of Iowa, Minister to Guatemala.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.

John W Forney delivered a lecture this evening before the Soldiers and Sailors National League. During the lecture General Grant entered the hall and received with immence applause.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.

Additional rules and regulations have been adopted for the redemption of mutilated fractional currency, making such obligatory on the part of any Assistant Treasury Depository or National Bank, the amount to be at least $50 properly put up in well secured packages.

LANCASTER, Pa., Feb. 6.

George Sanderson, democrat, was elected Mayor to-day by 179 majority.

RICHMOND, Va., Feb. 6.

The House adopted a substitute to-day for the loyalty resolutions from the Senate, expressing sounder sentiments in different language, and providing for a committee of each House to proceed to Washington and communicate a copy of the resolutions to the President.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.

The steamship Virginia, from Liverpool 18th and Queenstown 20th inst, has arrived at this port. News anticipated.

Schr Ira Saffrienner, from Baltimore for New Bedford, which went ashore on Romer Shoal last Sunday, has been got off and arrived here to-night.

Steamers San Salvador, from Savannah, Gen. Sedgewick, from Galveston, and Philadelphia, from Mobile, arrived at this port to-night.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 6.

At a meeting to-day of the State Workingmen's Assembly, a delegate gave notice that he would to-morrow move that all assemblies in the States strike for the eight hour system March 10th.

MONTREAL, Feb. 6.

The Governor General of Canada, Lord Monck, is expected on the steamship Australasean nearly due at New York.

AUGUSTA, Feb. 6.

Maj. Gen. Howard, Superintendent of the Freedmen's Bureau, briefly addressed a convention of both branches of Legislature this afternoon. In response to a joint resolution sending him a reception this evening he will repeat his lecture on the Freedmen in the Representatives' Hall.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 6.

The steamer Marmion from New York has arrived.

The Governor has vetoed the bill for the election of parochial and municipal officers on the second Monday in March. The bill will pass over his veto.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.

The East and North rivers and our harbor are filled with floating ice. Navigation by sailing vessels is impossible, and steamers make slow progress.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.

The Savannah Herald states that railway communication to Augusta, Ga., is now perfect.

Bishop Eliot of Georgia, gives official notice of the re-union of the Episcopal Diocese of Georgia with the Protestant Episcopal Church of the United States.

Cotton at Sannah was firmer—Sales at 27 a 28—stock in port 15,000 bales.

The ship Mozart had cleared for England with 20,000 bales cotton and 90,000 feet of timber.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 6.

Flour unchanged.
Wheat steady.
Provisions higher!
Mess Pork in good demand at 22,00; holders ask 26; higher.
Lard in fair demand at 18.
Gold 139¾.

CHICAGO, Feb. 6.

Flour dull.
Wheat declined 1 ct.—sales at 1,19 a 1,20 for No. 1, and 81@82½ No. 2.
Corn dull.
Oats dull.
Mess pork advanced 25@50—good brands 26,75 a 27,00.
Bulk meats in demand—shoulders, loose, 10¾ a 10¾; sides 13¾.
Green meats quiet at 14¼ a 15¾ for hams; and 12¾ a 12¾ for sides.
Lard firmer at 17@17½.
Hogs in fair demand at 8,75 a 9,75.
Dressed hogs advanced 25@30—Sales at 11,00 a 11,12.
Receipts—2200 bbls. flour; 16,000 bushels of wheat, 25,000 bushels corn; 25,000 bushels oats; 1200 hogs; 3000 dressed hogs.
Shipments—2600 bbls. flour; 4,500 bush. wheat; 2,000 bushels corn; 2,500 bushels of oats.

Weekly Cattle Market.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.

Beef firmer and a trifle better—Range of quotations 11 a 13c. Receipts 4950 head.
Cows and calves unchanged.
Sheep and lambs less firm—Quotations $4 a $8,50.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.

Second Board. Stocks heavy—American Gold 139¾.
U. S. 5-20's, 1865, 102¾.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.

Cotton dull and drooping—sales 400 bles—Middling 48.
Flour—State and Western shade firmer—sales 8500 bbls. State 6,95@7,25; round hoop Ohio 8,50@10,35; Western, 6,95@8,40. Southern steady—sales 580 barrels at 8,75@10,00. Canada—sales 400 barrels at 7,95—11,00.
Wheat—sales 71,000 bushels—Milwaukie Club, sold 1,74@1,75; amber Milwaukee, choice, new, 1,78.
Corn declining—sales 27,000 bush—mixed western 82@84.
Beef firm.
Pork is firmer—sales 6900 bbls. new mess at 29,62@30,25.
Lard firmer—sales of 700 bbls. at 15@18 per pound.
Sugars active—Sales 120 hhds.
Coffee quiet.
Molasses quiet—sales 150 bbls. New Orleans at 95.
Freights to Liverpool quiet and firm.

Thirty-Ninth Congress.

FIRST SESSION.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.

Senate.

Mr Sumner, from the Committee on Foreign Relations, reported a bill to authorize the appointment of a Democratic Representative to the Republic of Dominica.

Mr Wiley offered a resolution, which was adopted, instructing the Committee on the Judiciary to report a bill for the payment of the loyal citizens of the lately rebellious States for Quartermasters' stores taken from them for the use of the U. S. armies.

The joint resolution to amend the Constitution was taken up.

Mr Doolittle presented as a substitute for the proposition before the Senate, a joint resolution to amend the Constitution, by basing representation upon the number of votes in each State.

Mr Sumner resumed the floor in continuation of his speech.

The Senate then went into executive session.

Adjourned.

House.

The Speaker submitted the report of Mr. Hayes, one of the Treasury Commissioners, on the subject of taxation in general, and a sinking fund. Referred to the committee on ways and means.

A bill was introduced providing for the publishing of notices of mail lettings. Referred.

Mr Rice, from the Naval Committee, reported the Senate resolution of thanks to Vice Admiral Farragut, his officers and men for their victory in Mobile Bay.

The Naval Committee were instructed to inquire into the propriety of admitting pupils to the Naval Academy up to the age of 21 years.

The House considered the Freedmen's Bureau bill.

Mr Stevens offered a substitute retaining nearly all the provisions of the original bill, but providing for homestead rights to occupants of lands and confirming the occupants of those who settled under Gen. Sherman's order, in their possession.

The House passed the bill amended by the Committee on Freedmen's Affairs confirming the operation to those States in which the privilege of the writ of habeas corpus was suspended on Feb. 1st. The vote stood 136 to 83.

Previous thereto Mr Smith's amendment, that none of the provisions of the act shall apply to Kentucky, was rejected—34 against 131.

Mr Stevens' substitute was also rejected—37 against 126.

Mr Stevens, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported the Fortification Appropriation Bill. Referred to the Committee of the whole on the state of the Union.

Mr Rousseau, rising to a privileged question, alluded to the remark of Mr Grinnell of Iowa, that he (Rousseau) degraded his State, (Kentucky) and uttered a sentiment unworthy of an American officer, when he said if he were arrested on the complaint of a negro and brought before one of the Agents of the bureau, when he became free he would shoot him. Mr Rousseau denounced this assertion that he degraded himself, as a false, foul slander.

Mr Grinnell said he had no desire to do injustice; he criticised the gentleman's language, and stood by that criticism;—if he did not correctly represent what he (Rousseau) said, he begged pardon.

After further remarks from both gentlemen, the House considered and passed the bill, giving the assent of Congress to the transfer of the counties of Berkley and Jefferson from Virginia to West Virginia.

[The House here took a recess until evening, for speeches.]

EVENING SESSION.

Mr Schofield made a short speech, and no one else desiring to do the same, the House adjourned.

The Boston Journal makes the following excellent hits in respect to the astounding amount of lying by the Washington newspaper correspondents. The misrepresentations and false statements of this irresponsible class of persons is a prolific source of mischief, for the public does not know, in many instances how utterly unworthy they are of confidence, or even the association of honorable men. But to the words of the Journal:

"The manufacture of public sentiment, especially when Congress is in session, is a very active part of political business. The process is "as easy as lying," and often quite like it. There is no difficulty in picking up rumors at the Capita, such as are wanted to meet special purposes as to men and measures. The President cannot, for obvious reasons, contradict the falsehoods set afloat about him; the members of the Cabinet have other work to do than the chasing down of erroneous reports: and misrepresentations; consequently it is safe for those who are employed to work up party capital to indulge their imaginations as to facts to any extent. The amount of fabrication from Washington is as large now as ever; and people who want to know the truth, should be careful how they trust and act upon anything in the formation of their opinions, except official proceedings. A general incredulity in regard to many of the reports that come from the capital, will be entertained by those who consider that a muddle of contradictions they are when taken together."

The Trustees of the College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts, at their meeting on Thursday evening, made their vote unanimous for locating the College at Orono. The most active and direct efforts will now be made to put this noble design of a College for the practical working men of the State into immediate and successful operation. In the days of our youth and for long, long years, we looked hopefully forward to the time when the mind and the hand should be joint workers in the world's progress—when thought and labor should walk cheerfully in hand—when the rifles and the rags of human condition should no longer stand sentinel over human development on the essential equality of the human races in original endowments. The times are hopeful of a good general practical result. The gray dawn of the morning makes progress towards the noon of a higher civilization—a wiser and a nobler intellectual and social condition for the masses of mankind.—Ken. Journal.

—The thieves are getting sharper and sharper and sharper in New York. Last week a young man of pleasing address made several purchases in a jewelry store in Maiden Lane, and tendered a thousand-dollar bank bill in payment. While the shopman was counting the change at his safe, a carriage drove up, and man leaping out handcuffed the customer in a trice, announced himself as a detective, ordered the jeweller to follow to the Tombs to prefer a charge against the man so nearly successful in passing counterfeit money upon him, and hurried off with the prisoner, jewelry and bank note all in his possession. The merchant made his way to the Tombs, but could find nothing of either detective or criminal, and at last discovered that he had been robbed by the connivance of two skillful confederates.

—Reports are received from Utah that the Mormons contemplate the abandonment of that Territory, and a wholesale emigration to the Sandwich Islands. It is said that Brigham Young has purchased or secured the refusal of two of the Sandwich Islands for future colonization by the Mormons.

—A tender maiden of forty-three obtained a verdict of $3000 damages in Ohio the other day against a blushing youth of seventy-seven, who failed to keep his promises.

Several thousand brevet nominations of volunteers have been confirmed. Among them are the following from Maine regiments:

To be Colonels by Brevet—Jonathan P. Cilley, 1st Maine Cavalry; A H Farnham, 16th; E L Getchell, 31st; Chas P. Mattocks, 7th Veterans; Ellis Spear, 20th; A B Sparling, 2d; Zimri A Smith, 1st Heavy Artillery.

To be Lieutenant Colonels by Brevet—John A Bolton, 31st; Charles Sellmer, 11th; A B Sumner, 14th; Constant Taylor, 1st Cavalry.

To be Majors by Brevet—George L Abbott, 1st Sharpshooters; Thomas D Chamberlain, 20th; John W Freeze, 1st Cavalry; William H Greep, 17th; E S Keyes, 31st; Chas A Merritt, 1st Veteran Vols.; G K Plummer, 16th; Hudson Sawyer, 1st artillery; O R Small, 19th; Charles Sellmer, 11th; Henry F Sidlinger, 20th; A B Twitchell, 7th Battery; Henry O Hall, 1st Cavalry; John D Myrick, 1st; H S Melcher, 20th; A W Wish, 19th.

To be Captains by Brevet—E A Berry, 15th; Thomas Child, 31st; W H H Frye, 11th; A Ingalls, 9th; A Leavitt, 16th; Robert B Mathes, 17th; Cassius C Roberts, 11th; W H Savage, 1st Vet. Vols; Wm H Sturgis, 17th; Wm H Tripp, 19th.

MARKED DOWN!

MY ENTIRE STOCK MARKED DOWN!

ALL KINDS —OF— Dry Goods —SELLING AT— Great Discount —FROM— *FORMER PRICES*, —FOR— 30 DAYS!

4000 YARDS PRINT Remnants, —ONLY— 22 Cents per Yard!

GREY AND RED FLANNELS —ONLY— 40 Cents per Yard.

Splendid Thibets ONLY $1.00!

Barathears	only	50 cts,
Plaid Alpacas,	"	50 cts,
Silk & Wool Poplins,		$1.25 cts,
Crash,		12½ cts,
All Wool Hose,		50 cts,
Cotton and Wool Hose,		33 cts,

Ladies' and Children's Under Vests and Drawers.

BALMORAL SKIRTS VERY CHEAP!

BLANKETS, At Half Price!

IF YOU WANT BARGAINS YOU SHOULD NOT FORGET TO CALL AT NO. 19, MAIN ST.

G. W. STEVENS.

JANUARY 31.—eod 2w

CLOCK'S Excelsior Hair Restorer.

CLOCK'S EXCELSIOR HAIR RESTORER Is warranted to Restore Hair if ever so Grey, Restore Hair if ever so Grey, To its Color of Earlier Days. Color of Earlier Days. Keeps the Hair from Falling Off, Hair from Falling Off. Will surely Cure all Humors of the Scalp, Cure all Humors of the Scalp. And makes the Hair grow on Bald Heads, Hair grow on Bald Heads WHEN FALLING OFF FROM DISEASE.

It is splendidly perfumed, and every thing for a Dressing that can be desired. It is the only known restorer of color, and perfect hair-dressing combined. Requires no washing or preparation before using. If, after a fair trial, this does not prove the best Hair Restorative before the public, the money will be refunded.

Sold by all druggists at $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.

Dr. FRANK B. CLOCK, Proprietor, Manchester, N. H.

B. F. BRADBURY, Wholesale and Retail Agent, Bangor. 3law&w6m.

Potash! Potash!

THE VERY BEST POTASH for sale by B. F. BRADBURY.

jan17

TRIBUNE ALMANAC, received by CLAY & HIGHT

jan17

AXES! AXES!

470 DOZEN of the most favorite brands, bought for Cash before the recent advance, which I will sell at the lowest manufacturers prices.

Also, a Full Stock of Hardware, Saws, Iron, Steel, Window Glass PAINTS, OILS, &c.

Also—100 TONS CUMBERLAND COAL. Please give me a call before you buy.

At NOS. 139 and 141 EXCHANGE STREET.

nov6 M. SCHWARTZ.

Steam Bakery.

THE subscribers having added a Steam Engine to their machinery for Baking, and enlarged their shop, are prepared to furnish every description of White, Brown, and Graham

Bread, Crackers, Soda, Pilot and Hard Bread for the Woods, and Ship Bread.

PASTRY, of all kinds, constantly on hand, at wholesale and retail.

☞ Flour manufactured by the Barrel. Orders from the country promptly attended to.

S. Emery & Son, No. 8 PICKERING SQUARE.

Bangor, Nov. 24, 1865

DANIEL WHITE, DEALER IN Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Fancy Goods, Spectacles, Umbrellas, Musical Instruments, Best Violin and Guitar Strings CUTLERY, PIPES, &c.

☞ Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, and all other Repairing done to order. Violin Bows Haired.

DANIEL WHITE, jan 12 No. 2 Kenduskeag Bridge.

Wanted,

5000 PIECES WHITE ASH TIMBER for Hames, by the subscriber. Those having White Ash Timber, will do well to call.

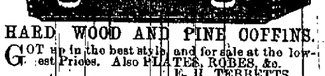
WM. BUNKER. Brewer Village, Jan. 17, 1865. d&w

ROBES CLOSING OUT AT COST!

A LARGE LOT OF PRIME ROBES, —CONSISTING OF— Buffalo, Wolf, Coon, Kangaroo and Fox. Also, an Extensive Assortment of Sleigh and Carriage Shawls.

Call immediately or you lose them. j26—2w&w (Times copy) JONES BROTHERS.

Patent Wooden and Metalic Burial Caskets.



HARD WOOD AND PINE COFFINS. Got up in the best style and for sale at the lowest Prices. Also PLATES, ROBES, &c. E. H. TEBBETTS, No's 19 and 20 East Market Square. Residence—No. 124 Conress Street. s12

Pharaoh's Serpent!

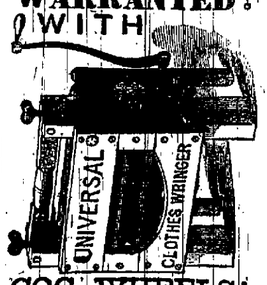
This Wonderful Chemical TOY! JUST RECEIVED AT S. L. MERRILL'S, jan 31 No. 4 Bowman's Block.

PORK! BOSTON CLEAR PORK, At SMITH & NORTON'S. jan 24—2w

I WILL SELL The Stock of Goods in Store 44 West Market Square, AT PRICES LOWER Than the same goods can be bought for elsewhere. I have a fine assortment of TOBACCO & CIGARS, AND A GOOD STOCK OF GENERAL GROCERIES, which I wish to close out in THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS.

E. B. PATTEN, dec 28 44 West Market Square.

WARRANTED! WITH



COG WHEELS! The Best Wringer Yet Out!

CALL AND EXAMINE, Take them on trial; and if satisfied keep them—if not, return them to the agents.

FOGG & BRIDGES, jan 25 47 W. M. Square.

NOTICE.

The Committee of Investigation into alleged Frauds in Enlistments, will meet in the SENATE CHAMBER, —ON— TUESDAY AND THURSDAY EVENINNS, at 7 o'clock.

All persons having knowledge of any facts connected with the subject matter of the inquiry, are hereby requested to communicate the same to the Chairman, or to appear before the Committee.

GEO. W. WOODMAN, GEO. F. SHEPLEY, Augusta, Jan. 19, 1866.—j22 3w&w Chairmen.

Co-Partnership Notice.

THE undersigned have this day formed a Co-Partnership under the name and style of GREGORY & DARLING, To continue the BOOT, SHOE, & LEATHER BUSINESS, And the Manufacture of LUMBERMEN'S BOOTS AND MOCCASINS, Corner State and Exchange Streets.

JOHN N. GREGORY. WM. H. DARLING. January 1, 1866. j4

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the late firm of JONES & FIELD, are requested to call at JONES BROTHERS' and settle with me immediately.

Jan 8—tf. SILAS D. JONES.

Prepared Wood.

WE are now delivering HARD & SOFT WOOD, at reduced rates. C. A. BABCOCK & CO. January 15, 1866.

Colgate's Honey Soap.

This celebrated Toilet Soap, in such universal demand, is made from the choicest materials, is mild and emollient in its nature, fragrantly scented, and extremely beneficial in its action upon the skin.—For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers

Sold by W. S. HARLOW. jan30 sn d&w1y Bangor

Dr. Bushnell's New Book, VICARIOUS SACRIFICE; Thoughts on Personal Religion, by Goulburn: On Study of the Bible, by Goulburn. Received by jan 22 B. F. DUREN.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO OF BOSTON.

A HOME COMPANY,

CHARTERED AND ORGANIZED IN 1843. IS the oldest Company in the Country.

The Officers are men well known in this community, in whom they have the fullest confidence, as is proved by the fact that

Many of Our Citizens Hold Policies on their Lives in the Company.

REPORTS, CIRCULARS, And all information given, and applications for Policies received by the Subscribers, Agents for the Company.

John S. Kimball & Son, AGENTS. NOS. 80 AND 82 EXCHANGE STREET. Bangor, February 2d, 1866—tf

Self-Acting Sled Brake!

SOMETHING NEW & INTERESTING.

USEFUL AND INDISPENSABLE INVENTION. The pressure of the load works it, and it need never be touched by the hand or foot; operates wherever the load crowds the team a pound; is no obstruction to backing. Cheap, simple, reliable.

Call at the Exchange Hotel and see a model.—County and State rights for sale by

feb2 1w* WATTS & NEWCOMB.

New Muscovado MOLASSES,

100 HHDS. NEW MUSCOVADO MOLASSES, of PRIME QUALITY. Just received and for sale by CHAS. HAYWARD & CO.

Bangor, Feb. 3d, 1866. 1w—w3t

FOR SALE.

A GOOD SCHOONER 125 tons register O. M.; rates A 2, well found in every respect—ready for any voyage.

One schooner 150 tons, rates 2½—large carrier, 8 years old, 2 suits of sails and otherwise well found.

For particulars apply to P. McCONVILLE. feb 3—tf

East Maine Conference SEMINARY, BUCKSPORT, ME.

THE SPRING TERM of ELEVEN WEEKS, opens on MONDAY, February 19th.

JAS. B. CRAWFORD, PRINCIPAL. Bucksport, Jan. 29, 1866.—j29 3 d3w

Notice of Co-Partnership.

THE Subscribers have formed a Co-partnership under the style of J. C. HOLMES & CO., for the transaction of the Ship Chandlery Business, AT THE OLD STAND No. 12 Exchange Street.

All demands due the late Firm will be settled by J. C. Holmes.

J. C. HOLMES, T. K. JOHNSTON, GEORGE BOWER

We are prepared to furnish Vessels with STORES and CHANDLERY at lowest market prices. Ship Masters and Owners will be supplied with all Goods in our line at lowest rates. feb 1—tf (Times copy)

Superior Inducements ARE OFFERED FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS, TO BUY DRY GOODS, (PREVIOUS TO TAKING STOCK), At SAM'L B. STONE, Jr., & CO'S. feb 1

STANIFORD'S "NONPAREIL" CLOTHES SPRINKLER!

POSITIVELY THE ONLY CLOTHES SPRINKLER WITHOUT A RIVAL. By the use of this article, clothes can be immediately ironed, without the usual delay by any other mode of sprinkling. It is particularly useful when ironing woolen goods, the sprinkles being fine like rain.

It is always in order, and needs but a trial to be appreciated. No lady will do without one of these useful articles.

Manufactured and for sale by

W. E. Staniford & Co., BUCKSPORT, MAINE.

☞ Orders promptly attended to. jan 30

Have You Tried It? American Heat Regulator.

IT SAVES ONE-THIRD YOUR FUEL, *And keeps your room at an even temperature.*

☞ OFFICE IN EXCHANGE BLOCK.

GEO. W. TAYLOR, Agent for Bangor.

BANGOR, Dec. 21st, 1865.

GEO. W. TAYLOR, AGENT:

Having one of Pomroy's New American Heat Regulators, we desire to express our satisfaction with its workings. It accomplishes all that has been represented, and more, and we would heartily recommend it as a fuel saver, as well as a perfect regulator of heat.

W. C. TYLER, B. F. BRADBURY, E. D. GODFREY, W. H. PRESCOTT, January 30, 3t*

Removal.

J. R. BOURNE, Agent for Wheeler & Wilson's SEWING MACHINES, has removed from the Hoop Skirt Store to THE CHEAP STORE, NO. 15 MAIN ST.

Price of S. M. from $55 upwards. Machines repaired: Machine Oil and Fittings for sale: Machine Sewing done in the best manner. jan30 3taw

FLOUR! FLOUR!

400 Bbls. Western AND Extra State Flour, At GEO. C. PICKERING'S Jan 3—2m 45 West Market Square.

Deering, Milliken & Co., Successors to G. L. Storer & Co., JOBBERS OF Dry Goods, Woolens, And Gent's Furnishing Goods, Manufacturers of and Dealers in Clothing and Cloaks.

AGENTS FOR Empie Sewing Machines FOR THE STATE OF MAINE. 66 and 90 Middle Street. PORTLAND #18d&w6mos.

Choice Porto Rico Molasses, ENGLISH CODFISH, OOLONG AND JAPAN TEAS, PURE COFFEES AND SPICES, BUCKWHEAT AND GRAHAM FLOUR, AND THE Best Groceries Generally, FOR SALE LOW BY jan24 GEO. W. MANTON.

Lease and Fixtures for Sale —OF THE— AUGUSTA HOUSE.

The undersigned being compelled (on account of ill health) to relinquish Hotel business, offers for sale the lease and a portion of the furniture of said House.

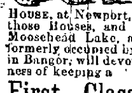
This Hotel ranks among the first in the country, and commands a large proportion of the travel. It has one hundred twenty-five rooms, perfectly ventilated and substantially furnished. Attached to the house are Bathing Rooms, Shaving and Billiard Saloons, &c.

In connection with the house is a large and convenient Stable, and a fine livery stock.

To any one desirous of entering the hotel business, will find this a rare opportunity with comparatively a small capital.

Harrison Baker, PROPRIETOR. February 2, 1866—6w

Hotel Notice.



The undersigned having this day leased, for a long term, the "Dwinel House" in Bangor, takes this occasion to notify the public that the same will be

CLOSED, for the purpose of a thorough Repairing, Refitting and Renovating of the premises, until the 22d instant, on which day it will be RE-OPENED by the subscriber under the name of the "NICHOLS' HOUSE," where his customers will find, in all respects, a first class Hotel. Having had a large experience in the business, formerly at the Parker House in East Corinth, and afterwards at the Shaw House in Newport, he solicits the old and encouragement of all old friends and patrons.

☞ Every exertion will be made to render this House, to all who may visit it, a most comfortable Home.

Lemuel Nichols. Bangor, Feb. 1, 1866 (Times)

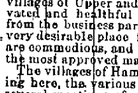
REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

A STAND IN FRANKFORT VILLAGE, situated as pleasantly as any in the place.—House large and convenient, connected with the barns by L and shed. All in good condition and repair, with plenty of land and soft water.

Or, the Captain Carlton Farm, so called, on the back road from Winterport village to Hampden Corner, one mile distant from Winterport. The land is all of excellent quality, exactly the kind to be cultivated with horses. The stock and tools will be sold with the farm if desired. Among farming tools are all the modern improvements, making agriculture almost entirely a business of recreation.

The undersigned wishes to sell one of the above named places—is not particular which. Persons want of either will be satisfied both with the terms and the condition of the property. E. MANTER. Winterport, Jan. 16, 1866 3w*

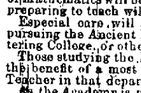
Timber Lands for Sale.



FOR SALE, about 12,000 acres of Timber Lands, in *Westfield, Aroostook County.* These lands are covered with a growth of valuable timber, and are among the best farming lands in the County. Terms favorable to purchasers, both as to price and time of payment.

Apply to PETER THACHER, Rockland; CHARLES DURYEA, Bangor; JAMES C. MADIGAN, Agent of said lands, Houlton; or of J. N. TRUWORTHY Westfield. nov10—d&w tf

LIVERY STABLE!



THE UNDERSIGNED, formerly proprietor of the PARKER HOUSE, at East Corinth, and the SHAW HOUSE, at Newport, has disposed of his interest in those Houses, and also of his Line of Stages to Moosehead Lake, and having leased the Stables formerly occupied by Caleb Billings, on Main St. in Bangor, will devote himself entirely to the business of keeping a First Class Livery Stable, in all its branches.

HACKS AND COACHES With well trained horses and careful drivers, furnished at all hours for the cars, steamboats, funerals, &c.

HENRY JORDAN, Coachman under Messrs. Billings & Shaw and McLaughlin, will remain with the Subscriber.

Horses will be taken to board by the week, and the convenience and accommodations offered for boarders is not equalled in the city.

The subscriber will rely on first class stock and constant attention to his business to secure a liberal patronage. SAMUEL NICHOLS. jan 23 (Times copy)

HAMPDEN ACADEMY.

THE SPRING TERM of this Institution will commence on MONDAY, Feb. 19th and continue eleven weeks, under the old Board of Instructors.

W. H. LAMBERT, A. B., Principal.
Miss RUTH BANCROFT, Preceptress.
Miss LIZZIE CROSBY, Teacher of Drawing, Painting, &c.
Miss CLARA C. HILL, Teacher of Music.
H. M. FOSS, Teacher of Penmanship.

It is is one of the oldest Institutions of learning in the State—having been incorporated in 1803—and has constantly enjoyed almost deserved popularity, which it is the effort of the present Instructors to sustain.

The Academy is pleasantly situated between the villages of Upper and Lower Hampden, on an elevated and healthful location, sufficiently retired from the business parts of the villages to make it a very desirable place for study. The school rooms are commodious, and have of late been refitted in the most approved manner.

The villages of Hampden offer to Students resorting here, the various advantages of good society, several meetings of public worship, good boarding places, and very easy access from almost every quarter.

Boarding places can be secured, and further particulars had, on addressing the Principal.

Instruction will be eminently practical in such studies as Book-Keeping, Surveying, &c. The principles of the Natural Sciences will be suitably illustrated. Navigation, and the higher branches of Mathematics will be thoroughly taught; and those preparing to teach will receive especial attention.

Special care will also be bestowed upon those pursuing the Ancient Languages preparatory to entering College, or otherwise.

Those studying the Modern Languages will have the benefit of a most thorough and accomplished Teacher in that department.

As the Academy is provided with a well-furnished Laboratory, those pursuing the subject of Chemistry will here receive a most important advantage.

A well-selected Library of about six hundred volumes, is open to the use of Students, and furnishes valuable means for reading and reference.

TUITION.

Common English,	$4.00
Higher English,	4.50
Languages,	5.00

It is very desirable that Pupils should commence with the opening of the Term—and no bill for Tuition will be made for less than half a Term, except in case of sickness. DANIEL CROSBY, Sec'y of Trustees. Hampden, Jan. 20th, 1866. dtf 19

NEW PORK! NEW LARD, FLOUR, CORN AND MEAL, For Sale Low for Cash at Wholesale.

☞ Call and examine our Stock before purchasing elsewhere.

WALTER BROWN & SON, jan 18 114 and 118 Exchange Street.

RUBBER GOODS! All kinds and descriptions, AT THE RUBBER STORE, Jan19 129 EXCHANGE STREET.

Notice.

THE Treasurer of the PENOBSCOT LUMBERING ASSOCIATION will pay back to the owners of Logs that came through the Penobscot Boom in the months of April and May, DEC. TWENTY CENTS per thousand feet over assessment of boomage on said Logs. ABRAM MOOR, Treasurer, P. L. A. Bangor, January 17, 1866. j18

Flour.

500 BBLS. DOUBLE EXTRA, Extra and Superfine, per. Also, a few Choice Brands in half bbls.—at low prices for cash.

nov15 F. E. PEARSON & SON.

Oats.

3000 BUSHELS just received and for sale by F. E. PEARSON & SON, nov15 No. 117 Exchange Street.

MOZART'S LIFE AND LETTERS, 2 VOLS. jan 22 Received by E. F. DUREN.

Whig & Courier

[From the N. Y. Tribune]

Midnight in Winter.

Cold is the beating blast!
Wildly it roareth past,
Tossing a column mound
Over the frozen ground.

Chilled are the shoeless feet
Plodding the cheerless street,
Home from some tavern-place,
Carrying a beggar's face.

Sadly the poor man fares,
Scanty the cloth he wears;
Out of both work and pay,
He's taking a holiday.

A month or so of such
Wearies him overmuch—
Now is the midnight gloom
He's treading the path of doom.

Gnawing his very heart,
Maddening with the smart—
Losing his faith and soul
Deep in the drugged bowl.

Troubled the seamstress sleeps—
Even in dreams she creeps;
Working the livelong day,
Hardly she earns her pay.

Long in the dreary night
Laboring for a mite,
Till her wan eyelids close,
Seeking an hour's repose.

Slumbering, doth she start,
Ill with a broken heart!
Hugging, perhaps to warm
A baby's wasted form!

Leech-like the starveling yearns,
Fretting with many turns,
Waking its mother's rest,
Shivering upon her breast.

Mountains are in the sky,
Hastily rushing by—
Bitterness in their tone
Fresh from the icy zone!

BILL TO EXTEND THE RIGHT OF SUFFRAGE.—'Dixon,' the intelligent Washington correspondent of the Boston Advertiser, telegraphs a concise abstract of Senator Trumbull's speech on his bill to guarantee equal civil rights to all persons without respect to race or color. Senator Trumbull is Chairman of the Judiciary Committee. He said in defence of his bill:

'I am certain, Mr. President, that no more important measure than this has engaged the attention of Congress since the adoption of the amendment to the Constitution abolishing slavery. The incorporation of great truths in the fundamental law of the land is of little consequence, if those intended to be affected thereby are denied the means of availing themselves of their benefits. Of what good were the grand truths of the Declaration of Independence to the millions of African descent in this land who for generations were subjected to the worst form of slavery ever known? Of what avail was that declaration of the Constitution that the citizens of each State are entitled to all the privileges and immunities of citizens of the several States, to that citizen of Massachusetts who, for undertaking to assert a constitutional right, had to flee from South Carolina to escape personal violence? Of what avail will the great act abolishing slavery be if the late slave States are permitted by unjust legislation to deny to persons of African descent the essentials of freedom? It is a fact susceptible of abundant proof that the laws recently enacted by some, at least, of the late slave States are conceived in a spirit which prevailed therein while slavery existed. It is the purpose of this bill to overthrow all these discriminations against this class of persons, and to give them perfect equality, before the law, with their late masters and oppressors.

'The question will of course be asked, has Congress the right to pass such a bill? I say that it clearly has, and that its power comes from two sources: first, from the clause of the Constitution which declares that the citizens of each State shall be entitled to all the privileges and immunities of citizens of the several States; second, from the second clause of the late amendment to the Constitution, which gives Congress the authority to enforce the amendment by the necessary legislation.

'Under the first head I remark that absolute liberty cannot exist in any government. The individual must necessarily give up some of his natural rights to society, that there may be harmony and due opportunity for the exercise of the rights of others; but no individual can be required to concede more than any other individual or, as Blackstone says, 'civil liberty should be equal to all, and any statute which does not secure equal liberty to all is imperfect.' Now what are the privileges and immunities of citizens of the several States? Among them are, certainly, protection by the government in the enjoyment of life and liberty; the right to acquire and hold property; the right to pursue and obtain happiness; the right to travel at will, and to establish and maintain chartered schools, &c. There are great fundamental rights, belonging to every person, subject of course to such restrictions as the government may justly prescribe for the general good of the whole community. This bill declares all persons born in the United States to be citizens, and as citizens, persons of African descent, as well as all others, are entitled to these fundamental privileges and immunities, now in whole or in part denied to them by the laws of the States in which they reside.

'Under the second head I observe that if Congress has not power to pass this bill, then the amendment to the Constitution recently adopted is worthless. If we have the power to abolish slavery, we have also the power to abolish State laws which deprive freemen of their rights, and therefore lead to slavery. The argument is so direct and simple that I do not elucidate it at length.

'The power to pass the bill being established it only remains to enquire if this measure will carry out the purpose it is desired to accomplish. It provides for punishing all persons who deny to the citizens of African descent equality of civil rights, and for this purpose makes use of the same machinery formerly used for the capture of fugitive slaves. If it be objected that the penalties of the bill are too severe, I answer that it cannot be either unjust or unconstitutional to enact as severe penalties against those who attempt to reduce freemen to slavery, as were formerly enacted against those who attempted to help them to freedom. With this brief statement, I submit the bill to the Senate.'

FEARFUL SCENES IN A GERMAN VILLAGE—HUNDREDS OF PEOPLE EATEN UP ALIVE BY WORMS. A fearful account of the new plague which is committing such havoc in Germany is given in a Paris journal, as follows:

Edarsleben is a little town in the environs of Magdeburg—one of the little German towns that seem the abode of peace and rustic felicity, where no noise is heard save the merry clink of the glasses at the bier-brauerei and the jolly tones of the drinkers calling for another glass all around. Well, this little town, is now filled with mourning and desolation. For a whole month past death has reigned there. A fearful death after unexampled sufferings, and those that are acquainted with the nature of their disease, know that they are being eaten up alive by a legion of worms hardly so thick as the human hair, that have worked their way into the stomach of their food, their muscles and their nerves.

It is not with a little horrible to dwell upon! On the 9th of last month, Dr. Karl Stein of Frankfort, wrote to one of his friends that upwards of one hundred children—for they appear to enjoy an immunity—had been deprived of their parents. There was hardly a house in the village that did not number a victim. At that date upwards of three hundred patients were awaiting death, which they knew to be inevitable—a prey to fearful sufferings. From seventy to eighty of the inhabitants, who at the outset of the epidemic had felt unwell, had taken to flight, to escape from, what they considered to be the cholera; but they had fallen down on the roads, and died without relief, their corpses alone were picked up.

The epidemic was caused by the ravages of the worm called trichine, when the epidemic has received the name of trichinosis. The trichine is one of the *entozoa* of the pig, and it is capable of being transplanted into and thriving in the human body. In Germany pork flesh, imperfectly cured and smoked in the shape of ham and German sausage, is a staple article of food, and from the human stomach, which they penetrate with the ham and *saucisson* dear to Germans, its palate, the larvæ of these *entozoa* pass into the blood, their size being so microscopic as to enable them to penetrate even into the minutest veins; they lodge in the nerves of the muscular and cellular tissues, and feed upon those parts of the human organization, causing fearful agony and great constitutional disturbance, which ends in death. No cure has been as yet discovered, but the preventive process is obvious. To abstain from such preparations of pork as are eaten in a semi-crude state is a sure means of avoiding "trichinosis;" but to eat half-smoked *saucisson* and raw ham, cut in thin slices, as general a custom in Germany as smoking or beer-drinking. Hence the rapid propagation of the disease, as a simple slice of ham or German sausage may contain larvæ of millions of these parasites.

INSURANCE AGAINST ACCIDENTS.

THE ORIGINAL

Travelers Insurance Co.,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Capital, - - $500,000.

Insures Against.

ACCIDENTS,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

CAUSING LOSS OF LIFE OR BODILY INJURY.

THE TRAVELERS INSURANCE COMPANY was organized, under a charter granted by the Connecticut Legislature in 1863, and amended by the Legislature of 1864, for the specific purpose of effecting INSURANCE AGAINST ACCIDENTS of whatever Kind or description, whether they occur in travelling by railroad, steamboat or stage coach, walking in the street, at work in the shop or sitting by the domestic fireside, whether riding, boating, hunting, fishing, shooting, swimming, cricketing, surveying, engineering, whether working, playing, sleeping or waking, in danger or out of (apparent) danger, at home or abroad—in every variety of circumstances in which mankind are or can be placed.

A General Accident Policy not only includes the risk in travelling, but also all forms of dislocations, broken bones, ruptured tendons, sprains, concussions, crushings, bruises, cuts, stabs, gunshot wounds, poisoned wounds, burns and scalds, bites of dogs, unprovoked assaults by burglars, robbers or murderers—the action of lightning or sun stroke, the effects of explosions, chemicals, floods and earthquakes, suffocation by drowning or shoking.

This company has now been for more than a year in successful operation; has issued over fifteen thousand policies, and paid numerous claims for compensation, has a directory of high character, and is organized with that prudence and sagacity which distinguish Hartford insurance companies; has ample capital and large surplus, and its soundness and stability may be relied upon.

General Accident Risks.

TEN DOLLARS PREMIUM

General Accident policy, will secure $10 per week Compensation while disabled, (not exceeding twenty-six weeks,) or $2,000 in the event of death by accident.

TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS PREMIUM

Will secure $25 per week or $5,000 in case of death.

FIFTY DOLLARS PREMIUM

Will secure $50 per week compensation, or $10,000 in case of death.

Any other sum, from $500 to $10,000, at proportionate rates.

Where Compensation only is desired, or payment is to be made only in case of death, *the rates are much lower.*

☞ The above are the "ordinary" or lowest rates. Special rates are $1 per thousand higher.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

GUSTAVUS F. DAVIS, WM. D. CALLENDER.
JAS. L. HOWARD, GEO. W. MOORE.
MARSHALL JEWELL, EBENEZER ROBERTS.
THOS. BELKNAP, JR., CHARLES WHITE.
CORNELIUS B. ERWIN, HUGH HARRISON.
GEO. S. GLEASON, JONATHAN B. BUNCE.

JAMES G. BATTERSON, President.
RODNEY DENNIS, Secretary.
HENRY A. DYER, General Agent.
H. M. RUSSELL, General Ticket Agent.
DR. S. B. BERESFORD, Surgeon.

B. Plummer & Sons,

Agents for Bangor and Vicinity.

Bangor, Aug. 21, 1865.

JOB PRINTING!

THE BANGOR DAILY

Whig & Courier Office,

No. 1, Bowman's Block, East End Kenduskeag Bridge, On the Lower Floor.

ALL KINDS OF PLAIN & FANCY

JOB PRINTING,

EXECUTED WITH

Neatness and Dispatch

We have all the facilities for doing JOB WORK which are to be found this side of Boston, and shall endeavor, at all times, to see that the work is promptly and faithfully done; and hope to receive sufficient additional patronage to remunerate us for the large outlay and expense incurred to promote the

Comfort of our Customers,

and save them the trouble of climbing two or three flights of stairs, to procure a job of Printing.

WE INTEND TO KEEP UP WITH THE

New Improvements,

AND

NEW TYPE,

AND GIVE OUR CUSTOMERS

AS GOOD WORK AS CAN BE SECURED.

REMEMBER THE PLACE!

No. 1,

BOWMAN'S BLOCK,

East End Kenduskeag Bridge,

ON THE LOWER FLOOR.

WHEELER & LYNDE.

Bangor, January 16, 1866.

Hall's Hair Renewer!

5 GROSS Hall's Hair Renewer, Alex. Hall's Tablet Dressing, Fletcher's, French's, Wood's, Helmbold's, and others, for wholesale and retail by C. F. BRADBURY.

Hall & Co.'s Canceling Stamp.

THE BEST ARTICLE in the market—changing the date without taking the stamp from the paper, merely turning a button. Call and examine.

D. BUGBEE & CO.

Jan 1

BANGOR COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,

AND

TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,

Lewis Block, Main St., Bangor.

New Rooms Rented.

THE GENEROUS PATRONAGE RECEIVED by this popular Institution, has compelled the Proprietors to rent additional rooms.

On and after MONDAY, Jan. 15th, the rooms in EXCHANGE BLOCK, formerly occupied by Mr. Tebbetts, will be used in connection with those in Lewis Block.

THIS INSTITUTION, A LINK IN THE

Great American Chain,

Is Second to none other in

Comprehensiveness, Thoroughness AND ECONOMY.

Text Books being used only as references, the Student is thrown upon his own resources, and graduates not a mere copyist, but learns that best of lessons, dependence upon himself.

Manuscript Course.

Upwards of fifty sets are given precisely as they occur in business. They contain all the improved and labor-saving methods of Book Keeping.

Business Correspondence.

One great advantage of this Child over all others is its system of Business Correspondence.

The Student has a Correspondent given him in a distant College, with whom he buys, sells, receives consignments, ships goods both on his own and joint account—and in a word goes through all the forms used in actual business.

Penmanship.

We offer the best facilities for acquiring this Art. The Department being under the management of one of the best Penmen of the day.

Telegraph Department.

A Class in this lucrative Art is in operation under the charge of an accomplished sound operator.

Ladies' Department.

Having fitted up a room exclusively for Ladies we would invite them to call and examine our facilities.

Mercantile Library.

Every holder of a Scholarship has free access to the Mercantile Library and Reading Room.

Commercial Law.

A Course of Lectures is being given on Commercial Law, free to Students. Great inducements are offered to Clubs. DISABLED SOLDIERS will find a course in our Institution the best means of obtaining employment.

For further information send for College Paper and specimen of Penmanship, or call at College Rooms. Address,

Worthington, Warner & Smith.

jan 11—3taw

Important to Manufacturers.

FOR SALE—The best Water Privilege in North Eastern Pennsylvania, with about thirty feet fall of water, supported by a dam of solid masonry, and in water cement. Supply of water unfailing. Capable of running eight or ten wheels through the fire season. There are now seven wheels running on the property.

Located near the Borough of Honesdale, on the line of the Delaware and Hudson Railroad, from which stock can be delivered directly into some of the shops.

Communicates with New York by Delaware and Hudson Canal, and with Philadelphia, Harrisburgh, Pittsburgh &c., by rail. The cheapness of coal, and convenience of market communications, makes it a very desirable manufacturing property.

On the premises are four large factories and a first class saw mill.

About 160 acres of Farming Lands, with first class farm buildings, and over 100 acres of timber land can be purchased with the above property, if desired.

For further information apply to

HENRY M. SEELY,
Honesdale, Pa.

jan31 2taw4w

SKATES and SLEDS,

AT

LESS THAN COST!

DESIROUS of closing out my stock of SKATES and SLEDS, I offer them at

20 PER CENT. LESS THAN COST.

Also, a good assortment of

Pocket Cutlery, Jewelry, Clocks, Watches, WATCH CHAINS, TOYS, &c., &c.,

AT REDUCED PRICES.

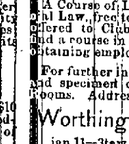
At Daniel C. Stone's,

No. 1 EXCHANGE BLOCK.

jan 13—2taw4w

HOWE'S

IMPROVED SCALES



Are warranted to give Entire Satisfaction. They *always* take the premium. A complete variety of

Scales, Beams, Weights and Measures.

Also,

Fire and Burglar Proof Safes

can always be found at

The New England Warehouse,
46 *Congress street, Boston.*
G. B. REYNOLDS, Agent.

☞ Sold in Bangor by BOARDMAN & BRANN.

sept. 1 3taw&w6m

Houses for Sale.

The owner of TWO HOUSES on the hill near the Court House in this city, between Hammond and Court streets, being resident of another city, now offers them for sale. For particulars apply to JOHN E. GODFREY.

nov23 dlw 2&w3taw

NORCROSS, PERKINS & HERSEY,

Shipping, Forwarding

AND

General Commission Merchants,

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

A. W. NORCROSS. F. N. PERKINS. R. P. HERSEY.

Particular attention paid to consignments of vessels and merchandise. Cotton and sugar purchased on orders.

Refer to—Hon. H. Hamlin, Collector of the Port; Hon. Geo. C. Richardson, Pres't Board of Trade; Messrs. Ewd D. Peters & Co, Pierce & Bacon, Boston—Ballentine, Lawrence & Co. Chicago, Ill.; Geo. K. Jewett, Esq., Bangor—Hon. Wm. McGilvery, Searsport; Hon. N. G. Hichborn, Stockton; Messrs. Wm. Pitcher & Son, Belfast; Cobb, Wiggin & Co., Rockland.

oct 7 3taw&wrm

Baltimore Commission House

The Long Established Firm of

STALL & CO.

Are still prepared to receive Consignments of *Potatoes, Onions, and all kinds of Produce*, and, in the past 20 years, will continue to devote our personal attention to all consignments, and give our best efforts to afford satisfaction to all who may favor us with their patronage. Prompt attention to sales and returns.

STALL & CO.,
No. 132 Front Street, Wharf.

References—John Clarke, President Citizens Bank; Thomas Mathews, Kelsey & Gray, Payne & Co., Peters, Thomas & Pearce, merchants; Lash, Richardson & Co., Bangor; Capt. Reuben Stubbs, Capt. Richard Doyle, Thomas Kilburn, Bucksport.

nov18 3taw6m

NIOX SPRUCE GUM, direct from the woods at BRADBURY'S.

jan 19

LADY'S BOOK OF FASHIONS for February, Ready by CRAIG HIGBY.

B. Plummer & Sons'

FIRE AND LIFE

Insurance

AGENCY.

Fire Companies.

Authorized Capital

AND SURPLUS

Exceeding

$14,000,000!

ÆTNA,

Of Hartford, Conn.

HOME,

Of New York City.

METROPOLITAN,

Of New York City.

PHŒNIX,

Of Hartford, Conn.

ARCTIC,

Of New York City.

Springfield, F. & M.,

Of Springfield, Mass.

MANHATTAN,

Of New York City.

NEW ENGLAND,

Of Hartford, Conn.

LORILLARD,

Of New York City.

INTERNATIONAL,

Of New York City.

Morris Fire & Inland,

Of New York City.

The undersigned, Agents and Attorneys of the above named reliable Corporations, continue to effect Insurance on all kinds of Real and Personal Property, at rates adequate to the hazard.—Dwellings and out-buildings insured for a term of years,

One Year, Three or Five.

Losses promptly and liberally adjusted, and paid at this Agency.

B. PLUMMER & SONS,

Agents.

NOV. 23, 1865.

DWINEL HOUSE,

E. W. HASEY & SON, - - - Proprietors.

WE WOULD RESPECTFULLY invite the travelling community, who desire good fare and first rate accommodations, to give our house a call.

The Dwinel House is favorably located in the center of business; the rooms are large, well furnished, well lighted, and comfortable.

The TABLE will be supplied with such substantials and delicacies as the best markets afford.

Our STABLE is one of the best in the city—commodious, accessible and warm, and is attended by experienced and faithful Hostlers. It has a constant supply of pure water, and excellent hay, grown from our own farm.

The vegetables for the table, together with butter, milk, &c., are mainly furnished from our garden and dairy.

Hay scales, for weighing hay, straw, &c., in front of the stable.

☞ A coach always in readiness to take passengers to the cars and boats.

As we are the sole lessees and managers of the house for a term of years, we shall do our best to make a comfortable and agreeable home for all, both in the city and country, as well as those visiting Bangor from Boston and other localities out of the State.

dec 20—3m.*

SNELL HOUSE.

The Subscriber has purchased the above House, and proposes to keep a

"First Class Hotel."

He has repaired the House, put down new carpets, made additions to the furniture, &c., &c. He has also secured the services of M. H. HUSTRESS, as Clerk. And by the experience he has had in the business, he flatters himself that he can suit the people of Aroostook—*or any other man.*

GEO. PARKS, Proprietor.

Houlton, July 1, 1865. 3y6

National House.

HARLOW ST., BANGOR, MAINE,

A. T. CHICK, - - Proprietor,

THIS House is situated in the most business part of the City, and is now open to the Travelling Community.

The Proprietor hopes by strict and personal attention to receive a liberal share of patronage.

The tables will be furnished with the best the Market affords, and every attention paid to the wants of his guests.

There is attached to this House a good STABLE, with attentive Ostler. Charges moderate.

A. T. CHICK.

Bangor, November 10, 1864.

FRANKLIN HOUSE,

Harlow Street, Bangor, Maine.

This well and favorably known Hotel, having the past season been enlarged, remodelled and refurnished, has now all the appointments of a first class Hotel.

The subscribers having leased the above House for a term of years, and having had several years experience in the business, flatter themselves, by strict and personal attion, to merit a liberal share of public patronage.

In location, this house has no superior, being in a central position, and on one of the pleasantest streets in the city. Connection is large and commodious Stable, in the care of attentive Ostlers, also a Livery Stable, which will always be supplied with first class teams.

☞ Stages leave the house daily, for all parts of the country.

WM. D. McLAUGHLIN.
HENRY McLAUGHLIN.
Bangor, March 1, 1860.

Notice to the Public!

In the year 1816, the writer embarked in the Drug Business in the city of Philadelphia, and while thus engaged, made several experiments in regard to the most desirable mode of preparing Fluid Extracts. My efforts being successful—the articles being approved and used by the Medical Faculty—I was desirous of placing them before the public, but hesitated for some time before concluding to resort to newspaper advertising, knowing the prejudice that existed in the minds of many against using advertised *Medicines or Nostrums*, but through the advice of friends and those who had used them this objection was overcome.

After 18 years' exertion, commencing in a small way, the popularity of my articles has extended to all parts of the United States, and widely throughout foreign countries—and this in the face of much opposition. Every means has been resorted to by unprincipled dealers since their merit and success have been known—such as advertising larger bottles at less price, censuring all other preparations, and even copying my advertisements—but I am happy to state that out of the many who have resorted to this, none have been successful.

MY OBJECT

In this notice is to make facts known to the public and respectable dealers, believing, after so many years' exertions, that the Druggists will discountenance such proceedings, and that the reputation of my articles may not be damaged by use of inferior or spurious ones.

Knowing that many may read this article who are unacquainted with me, I append a few remarks from those of my native city, and whose names are known in all parts of the world:

"Being personally acquainted with Mr. H. T. Helmbold, it affords me pleasure in stating I have been most favorably impressed with his energy and integrity, and gratified at his success."

WM. WELSH, M.D.,
Firm of Powers & Weightman.
Ninth and Brown Streets, Philadelphia.

[Evening Bulletin, Philadelphia]

"When on a visit to the city of New York a few days since, I was induced to call on our old friend and townsman, Mr. H. T. Helmbold, Druggist, 594 Broadway, New York. His store is a *Model*—a perfect *Gem*—the handsomest of any kind we have ever had the pleasure of viewing, and so extensive, being 54 feet front, five stories in height, and over 200 feet deep. It indeed affords us much pleasure to know that he has been so successful, and it is ample evidence of the merits of his articles—as in our whole business experience we have not known of the success of any articles without *Merit*—advertising merely bringing the name before the people."

[Boston Herald]

"We do not like to advertise worthless wares, or articles calculated to deceive our readers; and when we see an advertiser like Mr. Helmbold, whose two have known for years, gradually extend his advertising for in year to year until he becomes the largest advertiser in the United States, we are satisfied that the statements in regard to his articles *must be correct.*"

The writer reluctantly inserts the above, and would not do so were he not a stranger to many; and concludes by stating the names of his articles, and the diseases for which they have been used by many thousands with complete success.

[ADVERTISEMENT.]

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT OF BUCHU

Will cure all diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder. Cures Pain or Weakness in the Back, Strictures, &c. Cures Weak Nerves, Loss of Memory, Trembling, Dimness of Vision.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract of Buchu

Is a pure fluid extract, and not a weak tea or infusion. It is the one thing needful for all complaints incident to Females. For particulars send for Circular.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXT. BUCHU

Cures Gravel and Dropsical Swellings existing in Men, Women or Children; in fact, all diseases requiring the aid of a Diuretic. It is the greatest Tonic and Diuretic known—perfectly safe, pleasant in taste and odor, and immediate in its action.

HELMBOLD'S

Fluid Extract of Sarsaparilla

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED.

One bottle equivalent in strength to one gallon of the Syrup or Decoction.

It reaches the seat of the disease immediately, expelling all HUMORS of the BLOOD.

And Beautifying the Complexion

These articles, being of such strength, the dose is exceedingly small. From this fact, it is used in the United States Army Hospitals and public Sanitary Institutions throughout the land.

☞ Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

☞ Ask for Helmbold's. Take no other!

☞ Cut out the advertisement and send for it, and by this means avoid Counterfeit.

oct 3—3tawd&wlw

☞ Picture Frame Maker,

and Burnish Gilder.

WM. TODD, No. 12 State Street, East side, would be happy to wait upon those who will favor him with a call, and would also say, in regard to quality of work and goods, that they are of the BEST KIND. Having had some fifteen years experience in the Gilding Business, I feel confident in saying that my work cannot be surpassed by any one.

☞ Old Frames Re-Gilded, and Frames Varnished, Frames in every variety made to order, as cheap as at any shop in Bangor.

☞ Please call and examine for yourselves at No. 12 State Street, East side, at

WM. TODD'S
Gilding Establishment.

July 25, 1864. tf

HEMAN—an interesting work—for sale by
E. W. DUREN.

Fine Japan Tea.

I HAVE received a few chests of the FINEST JAPAN TEA ever brought to this country. At retail $1.40 per lb.

E. H. PATTEN.

Jan 1—2w

New England Screw Steamship Co

SEMI-WEEKLY LINE.

The splendid and fast Steamships *Chesapeake*, Capt. W. W. Sherwood, and *Manhattan*, Capt. H. Sherwood, will, until further notice, run as follows:

Leave Brown's Wharf, Portland, every Wednesday and Saturday, at 4 o'clock P. M., and Pier 38 East River, New York, every Wednesday and Saturday, at 3 o'clock P. M.

These vessels are fitted up with fine accommodations for passengers, making this the most speedy, safe and comfortable route for travellers between New York and Maine. Passage, in State Room, $6. Cabin passage $5. Meals extra.

Goods forwarded by this line to and from Montreal, Quebec, Bangor, Bath, Augusta, Eastport and St. John.

Shippers are requested to send their freight to the Steamer as early as 2 P. M., on the day that they leave Portland.

For freight or passage, apply to

EMERY & FOX,
Brown's Wharf, Portland.
H. B. CROMWELL & CO.,
No. 86 West Street, New York.

Portland, June 1, 1865

Portland and Boston Line.

THE STEAMERS

Forest City, Lewiston and Montreal,

Will until further notice, run as follows:

Leave Atlantic Wharf, Portland, every Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, at 7 o'clock P. M., and India Wharf, Boston, every Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, at 5 o'clock P. M.

Fare, in cabin, $2 00
Freight taken as usual.

The Company are not responsible for baggage to any amount exceeding $50 in value, and that personal, unless notice is given and paid for at the rate of one passenger for every $500 additional value.

Feb. 18, 1863. L. BILLINGS, Agent

Bangor Post Office.

Post Office open from 7 A. M. to 7 P. M., and from 8½ to 9½ P. M.

Western mail closes at 6 A. M., North Carmel and Hermon at 2 P. M., all other closes at 9 P. M. The time of the arrivals and departures is the contract time. There are no arrivals or departures on Sunday.

The North Carmel via Hermon mail arrives and departs on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. Kenduskeag Brownsville and Greenville offices have a daily mail.

The mail to Dexter via Kenduskeag leaves here Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, and returns Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

The other mails are daily.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

	Arrival.	Departure.
Western, (arrives at Depot)	7.32 P. M.	7.00 A. M.
Augusta,	9 P. M.	5 A. M.
Calais and St. John,	6 P. M.	9.30 P. M.
Belfast,	9 P. M.	6 A. M.
Ellsworth, Machias, &c.,	6 P. M.	9.30 P. M.
Houlton,	7 P. M.	6 A. M.
Castine and Bucksport,	5 P. M.	8 A. M.
Upper Stillwater,	7 P. M.	8 A. M.
Dexter, via Kenduskeag,	5 P. M.	8 A. M.
Brownville, via Bradford,	6 P. M.	7 A. M.
Greenville, via Monson,	9 P. M.	7 A. M.
North Carmel, via Hermon,	12 M.	3 P. M.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

ON LETTERS.

Throughout the United States, 2 cents per half ounce, or fraction of a half ounce.

To and from the British Provinces, not over 2,500 miles, 10 cents per half ounce.

To same, over 2,500 miles, 15 cents per half ounce.

ON NEWSPAPERS—QUARTERLY RATES.

Weekly papers (to actual subscribers) within the county where published—FREE.

Weekly papers, in the State where published and out of the county, 5 cents per quarter.

Weekly papers to any part of the United States 5 cents per quarter.

Daily papers (or six papers per week) in the State, 30 cents per quarter.

Daily papers out of the State, 40 cents per quarter.

The above rates apply to papers weighing not over 4 ounces each—and this embraces almost every paper in the United States.]

ON NEWSPAPERS—TRANSIENT RATES.

To any part of the United States—PREPAID.

One package to one address, not exceeding 4 ounces 3 cents.

Over 4 ounces, and not over 8 ounces 4 cents.

do	8	do	do	12	do 6 do
do	12	do	do	16	do 8 do

Newspapers must be left open at the ends.

ON BOOKS—BOUND OR UNBOUND.

If not weighing over 4 pounds.

To one address, not exceeding 4 ounces, 4 cents.

Over 4 ounces, and not over 8 ounces,					8 cents.
do	8	do	do	12	do 12 do
do	12	do	do	16	do 16 do

Rates of Letter Postage to Foreign Countries.

To England, Ireland and Scotland, 24 cents per half ounce.

To France and Algeria, by French mail, 15 cents quarter ounce: 30 cents half ounce.

To German States, by Prussian closed mail, 28 cents half ounce.

do by French mail, 24 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.

do by Bremen mail, (except Bremen, Frankfort, Luxemburg, Wurtemburg, Holland, and the Netherlands) 15 cts. half oz.

do by Hamburg mail, (except Hamburg, Frankfort, Luxemburg, Wurtemburg, Holland, and the Netherlands) 15 cts. half oz.

To Bremen, by Bremen mail, 10 cts. half ounce.

To Hamburg, by Hamburg mail, 10 cts. half ounce.

To Frankfort and Wurtemburg, by Bremen mail, 10 cents half ounce.

To Luxemburg, by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 22 cents half ounce.

To Holland and the Netherlands, by French mail, 24 cents quarter ounce: 42 cents half ounce.

To Austria and its States, by Prussian closed mail, 30 cents half ounce.

do by Bremen and Hamburg mail, 15 cents half ounce.

do by any French mail except Provinces in Italy), 21 cents quarter oz.; 42 cents half ounce.

To Russia, by Prussian closed mail, 25 cents half ounce, if prepaid.

do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 15 cents half ounce.

To Prussia, by Prussian closed mail, 30 cents half ounce.

do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 15 cents half ounce.

do by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.

To Sardinian States, by Prussian closed mail, 40 cts half ounce, if prepaid.

do by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.

do by Bremen and Hamburg mail, 28 cents half ounce.

To Lombardy, by Prussian closed mail, 40 cents half ounce—prepaid.

do by French mail 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.

do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 15 cents half ounce.

To Parma and Modena, by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.

do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 25 cents half ounce.

To Papal States, by Prussian closed mail, 44 cents half ounce, if prepaid.

do by French mail, 27 cents quarter ounce; 54 cents half ounce.

do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 28 cents half ounce.

To Tuscany, by Prussian closed mail, if prepaid, 40 cents half ounce.

do by Frenchmail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.

To the two Sicilies, by Prussian closed mail, 47 cts. half ounce—prepaid.

do by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.

do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 22 cents half ounce—prepaid.

To Spain, by French mail, 21 cts. quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce—prepaid.

do by British Packet, 5 cents half ounce.

do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 30 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.

To Portugal, by French mail, 21 cents quarter oz.; 42 cents half ounce—prepaid.

do by British mail, via England, 33 cents half ounce.

To Denmark, by Prussian closed mail, 39 cents half ounce, if prepaid.

do by French mail, 27 cents quarter ounce; 54 cents half ounce.

To Sweden, by Prussian closed mail, 40 cents half ounce, if prepaid.

do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 33 cents half ounce.

do by French mail, 33 cents quarter ounce; 65 cents half ounce.

To Norway, by Prussian closed mail, 44 cents half ounce, if prepaid.

do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 38 cents half ounce.

do by French mail, 33 cents quarter ounce; 66 cents half ounce.

To West India Islands, (not British,) except Cuba, Turk's Island, Curthagena, Honduras, San Juan (Nicaragua), Santa Martha, Venezuela, and St. Thomas, 34 cents half ounce.

To Canada, New Brunswick, Cape Breton, Prince Edward's Island, Nova Scotia and Newfoundland, 10 cents half ounce, when distance is not over 3000 miles from line of crossing; and 15 cents half ounce, if distance exceeds 3000 miles.

To Aspinwall and Panama, 10 cents half ounce, when distance does not exceed 2500 miles; and 20 cents if distance exceeds 2500 miles—prepaid.

To Bogota and Buenaventura, New Granada, 18 cents half ounce—prepaid.

To Equador, Bolivia and Chili, 34 cents half ounce—prepaid.

To Peru, 22 cents half ounce—prepaid.

To West Indies, British, (except Turk's Island), 10 cents half ounce, if distance does not exceed 2500 miles; and 20 cents half ounce if distance exceeds 2500 miles—prepaid.

To Sandwich Islands, New South Wales and China, 3 cents half ounce—prepaid.

The postage on letters sent Southampton for Victoria, New South Wales, Queensland, Tasmania, South Australia, West Australia, and New Zealand, has been increased to 45 cents per half ounce, prepaid.

To Greece, Turkey in Europe, Egypt, Syria, Arabia, Persia, Turkey in Asia, Cyprus, Candia, Ionian Islands, Gibraltar, Malta, Morocco, Tripoli, Tunis, Algiers, Madeira, Azores, Canaries, Cape de Verd Islands, Western Coast of Africa, Cape of Good Hope, Mauritius, Bourbon, Java, Sumatra, Manilla, Philippine Islands, Hong Kong, Shanghai, Japan, Central America, Mexico, Chili, Peru, Bolivia, Equador, Uruguay, Brazil, Buenos Ayres, Sandwich Islands, Australia, New Zealand, Van Diemen's Land